

### **Do you provide care for someone?**

*You may be a son or daughter, a sister or brother or friend to someone who needs support as a result of their illness (physical or mental illness and substance misuse), condition or disability. If you provide them with help and support to manage their life – you are also a carer.*

## What to expect when you make a young carer's statement

### **What is a ?**

A young carer's statement (YCS) starts with a conversation where you discuss your caring role and what is important to you in your life. It helps plan what could help you work towards your goals.

### **Why is an adult carer support plan important?**

A young carer's statement helps you to think about what support you might need if you wish to continue caring and what could help you to have a life alongside caring. The plan sets out any needs you have and how they will be met.

Making a statement also helps to decide which level you reach in the local eligibility criteria for support. This will be used to decide what support you **have a right to**.

No matter what level you are, every carer can access information and support from community organisations like your local Carer Centre and you may also be able to access other forms of support too.



### **The Carers Act**

As of April 2018, the Act means all adult carers have the right to an adult carer support plan. For young carers this is called a young carer statement.

Local authorities also have new duties to support carers which include

- A power to support carers and a duty to support carers who have needs that meet the local eligibility criteria
- A duty to provide an information and advice service to carers
- A duty to publish a Short Breaks Services Statement by 31 December 2018

Local Health Boards also have a duty to involve carers in discharge from hospital and a duty to prepare a local carer strategy with the relevant authority.

## How do you make an adult carer support plan?

Before you have a conversation with your worker it can help to think of a typical day helping the person you care for and make a note of your needs and concerns. If the caring situation changes a lot over time, think about what a good and bad day look like. Also think about the things that could help you cope with caring.

Your worker might talk about outcomes with you. Outcomes are a way of describing what is important to you and what your aims and hopes are. Some examples of outcomes are:

- Being as well as you can be
- Feeling valued
- Feeling informed
- Having a life outside of caring
- Being listened to

The key points of the conversation are written down with agreed actions and this becomes the adult carer support plan. You will have a copy to keep. If you wish, a copy can also be given to any other person you choose.

## How can I find out more about having a young carer's statement?

There are various ways that you can do this. If the person you care for is being discharged from hospital, you can ask the hospital to refer you to the ELHSCP social work team as part of the cared-for person's discharge arrangements.

If you are in touch with a local carers' organisation like Carers of East Lothian, East Lothian Young Carers or Bridges, they can also refer you.

You can get in touch with us yourself and ask for an assessment.

We also try to identify children and young people who are carers during any assessment of the person they care for.

Please get in touch. We want to hear from you.

## Examples of support for carers

- Information and advice
- Welfare rights and advocacy
- Support in school
- Short breaks or respite
- Counselling or one to one support
- Relaxation therapies, stress management sessions
- Leisure activities



---

**For more information, please contact:**  
**East Lothian Council, Randall House, Macmerry EH33 1RW**  
**T 01875 824 309**  
**E [children&families@eastlothian.gov.uk](mailto:children&families@eastlothian.gov.uk)**

---

Thanks to Dundee Carers Centre staff and carers for their input to the development of this leaflet