

## ANIMAL HEALTH AND WELFARE (SCOTLAND) ACT 2006 THE ANIMAL WELFARE (LICENSING OF ACTIVITIES INVOLVING ANIMALS) (SCOTLAND) REGULATIONS 2021

# SPECIFIC CONDITIONS: ENGAGING IN ANIMAL REHOMING ACTIVITIES (OTHER THAN IN THE COURSE OF OPERATING AN ANIMAL WELFARE ESTABLISHMENT)

### Supply of animals

- 1. No animal of any of the following descriptions may be supplied as a pet by or on behalf of the licence holder
  - (a) unweaned mammals,
  - (b) mammals weaned at an age at which they should not have been weaned,
  - (c) non-mammals that are incapable of feeding themselves,
  - (d) puppies, kittens, ferrets or kits, aged under 8 weeks, and
  - (e) puppies which were not bred by the licence holder.

#### Protection from suffering, injury and disease

- **2.** (1) All animals supplied as pets must be in good health.
  - (2) Any animal with a condition which is likely to affect its quality of life must not be moved, transferred or supplied as a pet but may be moved to an isolation facility or veterinary care facility if required until the animal has recovered.
  - (3) When arranging for the receipt of animals, the licence holder must make reasonable efforts to ensure that they will be transported in a suitable manner.
  - (4) When an animal is transported in or handed over in a container to the person to whom the licence holder is supplying the animal, the container must be suitable for the species and expected duration of the journey.

#### Pet care and advice

- **3.** (1) Any equipment and accessories being supplied with an animal must be suitable for the animal.
  - (2) A person supplied with an animal as a pet by the licence holder must be provided with information on the appropriate care of the animal including in relation to
    - (a) feeding,
    - (b) housing,
    - (c) handling,
    - (d) husbandry,
    - (e) the life expectancy of its species,
    - (f) the provision of suitable accessories, and
    - (g) veterinary care (including details of any vaccinations and disease testing that the licence holder has arranged for the animal).
  - (3) A person supplied with the animal as a pet must be informed of the country of origin of the animal and the species, and where known, the age, sex and veterinary record of the animal.

#### **Return of animals**

- 4. The licence holder must accept return of any live animal that the licence holder has supplied to a person in the course of the licensable activity, and arrange for the collection of the animal to facilitate the return if requested by the person supplied, if -
  - (a) the person supplied notifies the licence holder of the intention to return the animal within the 10 days following the date the animal was supplied, and
  - (b) the animal is in a fit state to be transported.