

Members' Library Service Request Form

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| Originator | Lesley Crozier |
| Originator's Ref (if any) | |
| Document Title | Equality Outcomes & Mainstreaming Progress Reports 2013 - 2015 |

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| East Lothian Council | |
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| Designation | Head of Communities & Partnerships |
| Date | May 2015 |

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REPORT TO: Members' Library Service

MEETING DATE:

BY: Depute Chief Executive (Partnerships and Community

Services)

SUBJECT: Equality Outcomes & Mainstreaming Progress Reports

2013 - 2015

1 PURPOSE

1.1 The purpose of these reports is to present and demonstrate progress against equality outcomes and mainstreaming activity as detailed in East Lothian's Equality Plan & Mainstreaming Report 2013–2016.

2 RECOMMENDATIONS

2.1 It is recommended that East Lothian council notes the Equality Outcomes & Mainstreaming Progress Reports 2013–2015.

3 BACKGROUND

- 3.1 The Equality Act 2010 was introduced to help make Britain a fairer society.
- 3.2 The Act places particular duties on public authorities such as local authorities to reflect the pivotal role they can play in dismantling inequality and driving positive outcomes for all.
- 3.3 The Public Sector Equality Duty (referred to as the General Equality Duty (GED)) came into force on 05 April 2011 and covers the 'protected characteristics' of age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.
- 3.4 Those bodies subject to the GED are required to demonstrate 'due regard' to the need to:

- Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and any other conduct prohibited under the act;
- Advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and those who do not share it; and
- Foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and those who do not share it
- 3.5 To assist public bodies in meeting the GED, further Scottish specific duties came into force on 27 May 2012 and require listed authorities to carry out the following activities:
 - Report on the mainstreaming the equality duty;
 - Publish Equality Outcomes and report progress;
 - Assess and review policies and practices;
 - Gather and use employee information;
 - Publish gender pay gap information;
 - Publish statements on equal pay;
 - Consider award criteria and conditions in relation to public procurement; and
 - Publish in a manner that is accessible to all
- 3.6 Progress reports on the above are now due for the period 2013 2015 and will be published on the Council's website.

4 POLICY IMPLICATIONS

- 4.1 Failure to provide Equality Outcomes & Mainstreaming Progress Reports will breach the legal duty placed on the Council by the Equality Act 2010 (Specific Duties) (Scotland) Regulations 2012.
- 4.2 Failure to mainstream equality or comply with the law risks enforcement action, legal challenges, loss of reputation and damage to the legitimacy of the Council.

5 EQUALITIES IMPACT ASSESSMENT

5.1 An EQIA has not been completed for these reports as they are demonstrating progress on actions already consulted on and therefore fall out with the EQIA remit.

6 RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS

6.1 Financial – The outcomes contained within the Equality Plan 2013– 2016 were carefully aligned with those budgeted for in the east Lothian Single Outcome agreement. It was therefore considered that those responsible

- for their delivery have ensured that they are deliverable within budget. There are no additional resource requirements arising from this report.
- 6.2 Personnel There are no additional Personnel requirements arising from this report.
- 6.3 Other The alignment of equality outcomes and mainstreaming actions along with the monitoring of progress through the Council's performance management framework will reduce the burden of administration of planning and performance within the council.

Progress in meeting the outcomes of the Equality Plan & Mainstreaming reports 2013 – 2016 means that those currently disadvantaged people (that is those people who make up the protected characteristic groupings) will not be further disadvantaged by anything that the Council plans, provides or does.

7 BACKGROUND PAPERS

7.1 Equality Plan & Mainstreaming Report 2013 - 2016

| AUTHOR'S NAME | Lesley Crozier |
|---------------|--|
| DESIGNATION | Corporate Equality, Diversity & Human Rights Officer |
| CONTACT INFO | 01620 827134 <u>lcrozier@eastlothian.gov.uk</u> |
| DATE | 08 May 2015 |

EAST LOTHIAN COUNCIL EQUALITY OUTCOMES PROGRESS REPORT 2013 - 2015

1.0 Purpose of Report

- 1.1 The purpose of this report is to demonstrate current progress against equality outcomes detailed in East Lothian Council Equality Plan 2013 2016.
- 1.2 This equality outcomes progress report uses the terms 'East Lothian Council/Council' as shorthand for the Council, Education Authority and Licensing Board (all three bodies).
- 1.3 The Council has also produced a Mainstreaming Equality Report which outlines how the Council has taken forward work to mainstream equality across the Council both in its role as a service provider and as an employer. The mainstreaming report also contains examples of good practice in terms of equality.

2.0 Background

- 2.1 In October 2010 the Equality Act 2010 came into force. This was a consolidating piece of legislation designed to strengthen the rights of the individual against harassment, victimisation and discrimination at work, at home, and in the wider community as well as advancing equality of opportunity and fostering good relations between those who share protected characteristics and those who do not.
- 2.2 Created by the Equality Act 2010, on 05 April 2011 the Public Sector Equality Duty came into force. This Duty consisted of a general equality duty and specific equality duties, the latter being given as a framework for 'listed bodies' to follow in order to achieve the general duty. (Appendix 1 provides details of all listed bodies under the terms of the Act).
- 2.3 The general equality duty required all listed bodies, of which East Lothian Council is one, to have 'due regard' in the exercise of their functions to the need to:
 - Eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct that is prohibited by or under the Act;
 - Advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it; and
 - Foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it
- 2.4 Having 'due regard' in relation to advancing equality of opportunity included:
 - Removing or minimising disadvantages suffered by persons who share a protected characteristic that are connected to that characteristic;
 - Taking steps to meet the needs of persons with protected characteristics that are different from persons who do not share it; and

- Encouraging participation in public life and other areas where representation is disproportionately low
- 2.5 Having 'due regard' in relation to the need to foster good relations between those who have a protected characteristic and those who do not required particular attention to the need to:
 - Tackle prejudice; and
 - Promote understanding
- 2.6 On 27 May 2012 the Equality Act 2010 (Specific Duties) (Scotland) Regulations 2012 came into force. These regulations imposed on all listed bodies a set of duties and responsibilities that would allow them to meet the General Equality Duty in the planning and delivery of their services and public role.
- 2.7 The specific duties are to:
 - Report on mainstreaming the equality duty;
 - Publish equality outcomes and report progress;
 - Assess and review policies and practises;
 - Gather and use employee information;
 - Publish gender pay gap information;
 - Publish statements on equal pay;
 - Consider award criteria and conditions in relation to public procurement; and
 - Publish in a manner that is accessible
- 2.8 The Protected Characteristics are:
 - Age
 - Disability
 - Gender Re-assignment
 - Marriage & Civil Partnerships (restricted to elimination of unlawful discrimination in employment)

- Pregnancy & Maternity
- Race
- Religion or Belief
- Sex (formerly known as gender)
- Sexual Orientation
- 2.9 Dedicated timescales exist for reporting on the specific duties, and in accordance with those by 30 April 2013 East Lothian Council produced and published its:
 - East Lothian Equality Plan 2013 2016;
 - Mainstreaming Equality Report 2013;
 - Employee Information;
 - Gender Pay Gap & Equal Pay Statements
- 2.10 The specific duties now require East Lothian Council by 30 April 2015 to produce and publish its:
 - 1st Equality Outcome Progress Report 2013-2015;
 - 1st Mainstreaming Equality Progress Report 2013-2015 including;
 - o Workforce Profile & Analysis Report 2013 2015; and
 - o Gender Pay Gap Information for the period 2013 2015
- 2.11 This is the Council's first Equality Outcomes Progress Report 2013 2015
- 3.0 East Lothian Council Equality Plan 2013 2016 progress 2013 2015
- 3.1 In the Council's first equality Plan 2013 2016 it was noted that: 'An equal society protects and promotes equal, real freedom and substantive opportunity to live in the ways people value and would choose so that everyone can flourish. An equal society recognises people's different needs, situations and goals and removes the barriers that limit what people can do and be.' UK Equalities Review 2007. During the period 2013 2015 East Lothian Council has been working to achieve this fairness of opportunity and existence through the Equality Plan.
- 3.2 The Council has been doing this through the 2013 agreed equality outcomes and submits for noting its progress over the last two year period.

| 3.3 It should be noted that as this is the first progress report sometimes a benchmark figure only is available. It should also be noted that in some instances no figures are as yet available as they are not available until June 2015. | | | | | | |
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| Long term Outcome | Short Term Outcome | Action | Timescale | Indicator | Equality Protected Characteristic (EPC) | Progress Made 2013 - 2015 |
|--|---|---|-------------|---|---|--|
| lace for | East Lothian Council is a workplace free of harassment and discrimination | Implement the Equality in Employment Action Plan | 2013 - 2016 | Number of cases of harassment reported to HR annually | All | None on the grounds of EPC 2013/15 |
| East Lothian Council is a positive workplace for | | | | % of employees who agree with the statement 'I have been bullied in the past 12 months' | All Further analysis by equality strand will be available later in 2015 | Further analysis of the 2015 employee survey is currently underway |
| | | | | % of employees who agree with the statement 'I am treated fairly at work' | All Further analysis by equality strand will be available later in 2015 | 88.1% (2015) |
| Long term SOA Outcome: all employees | | | | % of employees who agree with the statement 'I feel able to disclose personal information such as religious belief, sexuality or any disability | All Further analysis by equality strand will be available later in 2015 | 90.6% (2015) |

| Long term Outcome | Short Term Outcome | Action | Timescale | Indicator | Equality Protected Characteristic (EPC) | Progress Made 2013 - 2015 |
|--|--|---|-----------|--|---|---|
| ositive workplace for | | | | Rank in the Stonewall Workplace Equality Index | All | 2012:170/ 363 2011: 219/ 378 2010: 174 2009: 184 /317 |
| East Lothian Council is a positive workplace for | | | | Number of employees with caring responsibilities sustaining employment | All | This indicator is currently under development |
| Long term SOA Outcome: Eas all employees | East Lothian Council will eliminate the pay gap between employees and have a range of flexible working policies in line with business need | Implement the Equal Pay Statement Development of Flexible working options | Ongoing | ELC Gender Pay Gap Number of employees working flexibly (male/female) % of applications for flexible | Sex (Gender) | Data for 13/14 and 14/15 will be available later this year |

| Long term Outcome | Short Term Outcome | Action | Timescale | Indicator | Equality Protected Characteristic (EPC) | Progress Made 2013 - 2015 |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|-------------|--|---|--|
| | | | | working successfully granted | | |
| Outcome: All of East Lothian's young people earners, confident individuals, effective d responsible citizens | Close the gap in literacy rates between boys and girls in primary schools | East Lothian Literacy Action Plan | 2013 - 2014 | % of young people whose performance in reading and maths is in line with expectations given their developed ability (PIPs P3, P5, P7 | Sex (Gender) Looked After Children (LAC) | Data being analysed – will be available later this year |
| Long term SOA Outcome: All of East Lothian's young pare successful learners, confident individuals, effective contributors and responsible citizens | | | | % of young people in positive post school destinations | Sex (Gender) Looked After Children (LAC) | 92.2% (2013/14) Indictor for LAC needs to be reconsidered to accurately reflect all LAC in East Lothian |
| Long are s | | | | Average Tariff S\$ Scores (Scottish | Sex (Gender) | |

| Long term Outcome | Short Term Outcome | Action | Timescale | Indicator | Equality Protected Characteristic (EPC) | Progress Made 2013 - 2015 |
|-------------------------|--|---|------------------------|---|---|---|
| | | | | Government Statistics) | Looked After Children (LAC) | |
| | Reduced incidence of identity based bullying in youth settings e.g. homophobia | East Lothian Hate Crime Action Plan Diversity Network events | 2013 – 2015 Ongoing | Number of Incidents of identity based bullying by | Sexual Orientation Disability | A new anti- bullying policy |
| | | and campaigns Revise the East Lothian Anti-Bullying Policy | 2013 | protected characteristic | Race | is currently out for consultation with key stakeholders |
| | All children are ready to start primary school | Revise and implement the East Lothian Accessibility Strategy | 2013 – 2015 | Number of Looked After Children accessing Active Schools | Disability Looked After Children | |
| | | Finalise and implement the East Lothian Carers and Young Carers Strategy Implement the East Lothian Corporate | 2013 – 2015 | Activities Increased number of young carers identified and supported | Carers | EL Champions Board launched 1 st May 2015 |
| | | Parenting Strategy Support from the Start East Lothian | Ongoing | % of children assessed as | | 27.3% (2012) |

| Long term Outcome | Short Term Outcome | Action | Timescale | Indicator | Equality Protected Characteristic (EPC) | Progress Made 2013 - 2015 |
|---|---|---|-----------|--|---|--|
| | | | | 'vulnerable' in East Lothian in the five domains of early development as assessed by the Early Development Index % of children living in poverty | | 11.6% (before housing costs) 18.6% (after housing costs) |
| Long term SOA outcome: In East Lothian we live healthier, more active and independent lives | People have more choice and control over the services that they use | Implementation of Self Directed Support in line with the Self Directed support Act | 2014 | % of people who understand the options available through self-directed support Number of people selecting from the four options available through Self Directed Support | Age Disability | Data will be available later this year |

| Long term Outcome | Short Term Outcome | Action | Timescale | Indicator | Equality Protected Characteristic (EPC) | Progress Made 2013 - 2015 |
|-------------------------|--------------------|---|-----------|---|---|--|
| | | Implement East Lothian's Physical Disability, Sensory and Visual Impairment Strategy | | | | Data will be available later this year |
| | | East Lothian Older People's Strategy 2011 East Lothian Learning Disability Strategy East Lothian Carer and Young Carer Strategy | | Increased uptake of short breaks by people with a physical disability, carers and young carers | | Data will be available later this year |
| | | East Lothian Integrated Children's Services Plan Update the Children and Young People's Participation Strategy | | Number of young people with disabilities accessing East Lothian's Summer Activity Programme | | This plan is currently under development with the Young Peoples Participation Strategy revised. 'Golden Rules' now adopted. Champions Board launch |

| Long term Outcome | Short Term Outcome | Action | Timescale | Indicator | Equality Protected Characteristic (EPC) | Progress Made 2013 - 2015 |
|-------------------------|---|--|-----------|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | | 1 st of May |
| | Increase positive mental health and wellbeing | Lothian Mental Health Strategy and Action Plan— A Sense of Belonging | 2011-2016 | Suicide rates in East Lothian (5yr average) | Disability | 16 (2009 – 2013) Mean Average |
| | | National mental Health Action Plan | 2012-2015 | % uptake for Mental Health screening of | | Data not available at present |
| | | Choose Life Strategy (including Self Harm) | ongoing | Looked After Children | | |
| | | Continue membership of the 'see me' campaign | ongoing | Improved social attitudes to mental health | | Data not available at present |
| | | Maintain East Lothian Council 'Healthy Working Lives Gold Award' | | (Scottish Attitude Survey) | | |

| Long term Outcome | Short Term Outcome | Action | Timescale | Indicator | Equality Protected Characteristic (EPC) | Progress Made 2013 - 2015 |
|---|---|--|-------------|---|--|---|
| ome: Everyone in East Lothian has ainable housing | People with particular needs are able to get and sustain their choice of housing including independent living Increase housing supply and improve access to housing including affordable housing | Local Housing Strategy Joint Commissioning Strategy Housing Contribution Statement East Lothian Housing Options Guide Local Housing Strategy | 2012 - 2017 | % of people who access specialist equipment and adaptations Number of people identifying as homeless | Disability Age Gender Religion and Belief | Data currently being analysed and will be available later this year 683 applications (2013/14) |
| Long term SOA Outcome: Everyone access to quality sustainable housing | melaulig anordable nousling | | | HOMEICSS | | 831 applicants |

| Long term Outcome | Short Term Outcome | Action | Timescale | Indicator | Equality Protected Characteristic (EPC) | Progress Made 2013 - 2015 |
|---|--|---|-------------|---|--|--|
| Fewer people are the victim of crime, disorder or | Reduce incidence of Hate Crime | Implement the East Lothian Hate Crime Action Plan | 2012 -2014 | Number of those involved in committing antisocial behaviour % young people reporting 'I feel safe to go out in my local neighbourhood during the evening' Incidence of hate crime | Sexual Orientation Race Religion and belief Disability | 6467 reports of ASB (2013/14) 94.7% (during the day) 77.7% (during the evening) (2014) |
| Long term SOA Outcome: abuse in East Lothian | Increased confidence in reporting hate crime | Implement the East Lothian Hate crime Action Plan | 2012 - 2014 | Levels of confidence in reporting hate crime Number of incidents reporting via third party reporting | Sexual Orientation Race Religion and belief Disability | No. of hate crimes recorded by Police 12/13 = 39, no. recorded 13/14 = 47 (East Lothian Plan 13/14) |

| Long term Outcome | Short Term Outcome | Action | Timescale | Indicator | Equality Protected Characteristic (EPC) | Progress Made 2013 - 2015 |
|---|---|---|-------------|---|---|--|
| Long term Outcome: East Lothian has strong, vibrant communities where residents have a sense of belonging | East Lothian communities get on well together | Develop the East Lothian Diversity Network Community Learning and Development Action Plan (to be updated to reflect the Education Scotland Strategic Guidance) East Lothian Culture Service Business Plan | 2013 - 2014 | % of residents who agree their local area is a place where people from different backgrounds get on well together (source for this information to be identified) Incidents of hate crime Number of people attending East Lothian Diversity Network events | Religion and belief Age Race Sexual Orientation | 91% (2014) (Source: Citizen's Panel) Detection for hate crimes 79.3% 12/13, 80.9% 13/14 (East Lothian Plan 13/14) |

| Long term Outcome | Short Term Outcome | Action | Timescale | Indicator | Equality Protected Characteristic (EPC) | Progress Made 2013 - 2015 |
|-------------------------|---|--|-----------|--|---|--|
| | East Lothian communities are well informed and can influence decisions that matter in their local areas | Development of Local Community Planning which is inclusive of all members of the community | 2014 | % of residents reporting that they agree they can influence decisions affecting their local area | All | 21.3% (2014) (Source: Citizen's Panel) |
| | | | | % of P6 & S2 pupils agreeing that young people's views are listened to | | 79.4% (2014) |
| | | | | | | Indicator to be developed to reflect participation of those with protected characteristics |

| Long term Outcome | Short Term Outcome | Action | Timescale | Indicator | Equality Protected Characteristic (EPC) | Progress Made 2013 - 2015 |
|---|---|---|-------------|---|--|---|
| OA outcome: Fewer people experience poverty in East Lothian | People in East Lothian are more financially capable and less financially excluded | Implement the Tackling Poverty Strategy Carer and Young Carer Strategy | 2013 - 2015 | No of households in fuel poverty/extreme fuel poverty Number of carer assessments undertaken where financial inclusion/income maximisation is included Number of young people with a bank account Number of people | Age Disability Sex (Gender) Race Maternity | Fuel Poverty: 30% owner occupied 43% social housing (2011 – 2013) Extreme fuel poverty: 11% owner occupied 3% social housing (2011 – 2013) |
| Long term SOA | alityOutcomesProgressReport2013-15 | /version3_Final | | who have access to the internet in their own home | | 16 |

| Long term Outcome | Short Term Outcome | Action | Timescale | Indicator | Equality Protected Characteristic (EPC) | Progress Made 2013 - 2015 |
|--|---|--|------------------------|---|---|--|
| et the | People in East Lothian are supported to manage the impact of welfare reform | Deliver the Welfare Reform Action Plan | 2013 onwards | % of the population who are income deprived | Age Disability Sex (Gender) | 10.6% (SIMD) (2012) 9.9% (ELC developed from SIMD) (2014) |
| ome: East Lothian Council services meet the | The cycle of poverty is broken in East Lothian | Support from the Start East Lothian Implement the Tackling Poverty Strategy | Ongoing 2013 - 2015 | Uptake of free school meals % of population (16-64) in receipt of out of work benefits % of school leavers in positive destinations | All | 9.3% (Key out of work benefits, NOMIS) (08/2014) 92.2% (2013/14) |
| Long term SOA Outcome: East Lothian (needs of all members of the community | Equality is taken into account when making decisions | All and relevant policies, plans and services are impact assessed Equalities Monitoring is undertaken where relevant, including | 2013 – 2016 | Number of Combined Impact Assessments Published | All | Ongoing Number of employees taking the Combined Impact Assessment |

| Long term Outcome | Short Term Outcome | Action | Timescale | Indicator | Equality Protected Characteristic (EPC) | Progress Made 2013 - 2015 |
|-------------------------|--|--|-------------|--|---|---|
| | | workforce monitoring Engage with equality groups in service redesign and decision making when relevant and appropriate | | | | course since launch, 60, with 53 of these completing within the last 12 months |
| | East Lothian Council has increased knowledge and capacity about equality and diversity | Continue to gather information about the needs and experiences of those with protected characteristics in East Lothian (6 Ward area profiles now available incorporating equalities information) Revise and deliver the East Lothian Equality Training Plan | 2013 - 2016 | Number of people who undertake the E-Learning Equality Module % of people who undertake 'Equality in Early Years' training that agree with the statement 'the training made | All | Total no. since launched 278, within last 12 months 195 47 people have taken this course, 70 have taken the mentally healthy workplace and |

| Long term Outcome | Short Term Outcome | Action | Timescale | Indicator | Equality Protected Characteristic (EPC) | Progress Made 2013 - 2015 |
|-------------------------|--|---|-------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | me think differently about inclusion'. | | 91 the learning disabilities module |
| | East Lothian Council Procurement Practices ensure equality is a core part of service delivery and employment | Implement 'Buy Smart' (Council Procurement Strategy) Investigate the establishment of a 'supported business' as a social enterprise in East Lothian (in support of Article 19) | 2013 - 2016 | To be developed | All | Indicator under development |

4.0 Next Steps 2015 – 2017

- 4.1 The next Equality Outcome Progress Report will be for the period 2015 2017 and will be published by 30 April 2017.
- 4.2 During that time and beyond the Council will continue its work on equality and diversity with the aim of further:
 - Embedding a culture where respect, choice and understanding is fostered and diversity positively valued;
 - Creating an environment where unlawful discrimination, harassment, victimisation or bullying is not tolerated;
 - Understanding and addressing the needs of different groups; and
 - Implanting the equality agenda in all that we provide and do to ensure that all
 people, irrespective of their age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage or civil
 partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation
 or socio economic status have the same opportunity to live and flourish within our
 communities
- 4.3 The Council will also continue to consult with and listen to communities on agreed equality outcomes for the area which will be affected by many factors, and where prudent will build on existing work, reporting its progress every two years.

5.0 Get involved and Keep in Touch

- 5.1 You can get involved in supporting East Lothian's work on equalities in a number of ways.
 - Contact our Equality Champions:

Councillor Shamin Akhtar Tel: 01620 827019/07718 669395 Email sakhtar@eastlothian.gov.uk

Councillor Paul McLennan Tel: 01620 827334 / 07772 383570 Email pmclennan@eastlothian.gov.uk

Councillor John McNeil Tel: 01620 827001 Email jmcneil@eastlothian.gov.uk

• Come along to a Diversity Network event

http://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/info/751/equality diversity and citizenship/835/equality and diversity

• Respond to consultations via the Consultation Hub

https://eastlothianconsultations.co.uk/

• Read the East Lothian Diversity Newsletter

http://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/downloads/download/1912/east lothian diversity newsletters 2013

5.2 You can find out more information about equalities work in East Lothian by visiting our webpage

http://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/info/751/equality diversity and citizenship/835/equality and diversity

You can also find out more about Diversity Network via the Facebook page.

6.0 Contact us

6.1 You can get in touch with us by:

• Email: equalities@eastlothian.gov.uk

• Phone: 01620 827134

Write to: Equalities Officer
 East Lothian Council
 John Muir House
 Haddington
 EH41 2HA

• Facebook: Search for East Lothian Diversity Network

This document in available in different formats and in different languages. If you would like a copy in another language or format, please email equalities@eastlothian.gov.uk or phone 01620 827134

Appendix 1

Equality Act 2010 & Equality Act 2012 (Specific Duties) (Scotland) Regulations 2012 Listed Bodies

Scottish Administration

- The Scottish Ministers
- Keeper of the Records of Scotland
- Keeper of the Registers of Scotland
- Registrar General of Births, Deaths and Marriages for Scotland
- Scottish Court Service

National Health Service

- A Health Board constituted under section 2 of the National Health Service (Scotland) Act 1978
- A Special Health Board constituted under that section

Local Government

- A council constituted under section 2 of the Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994
- A joint board within the meaning of section 235(1) of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973
- A joint fire and rescue board constituted by a scheme under section 2(1) of the Fire (Scotland) Act 2005
- A licensing board established under section 5 of the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005, or continued in being by virtue of that section
- A National Park authority established by a designation order made under section 6 of the National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000
- Scottish Enterprise and Highlands and Islands Enterprise, established under the Enterprise and New Towns (Scotland) Act 1990

Other educational bodies

- An education authority in Scotland (within the meaning of section 135(1) of the Education (Scotland) Act 1980)
- The managers of a grant-aided school (within the meaning of that section)
- The board of management of a college of further education (within the meaning of section 36(1) of the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 1992) which is a fundable body (within the meaning of section 6(2) of the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 2005)
- In the case of such a college of further education not under the management of a board of management, the board of governors of the college or any person responsible for the management of the college, whether or not formally constituted as a governing body or board of governors

• The governing body of an institution within the higher education sector (within the meaning of Part 2 of the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 1992) which is a fundable body (within the meaning of section 6(2) of the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 2005)

Police

A police authority established under section 2 of the Police (Scotland) Act 1967

Other bodies and offices

- Accounts Commission for Scotland
- Audit Scotland
- Board of Trustees for the National Galleries of Scotland
- Board of Trustees of the National Museums of Scotland
- Bòrd na Gáidhlig
- A Chief Constable of a police force maintained under section 1 of the Police (Scotland) Act 1967
- A chief officer of a community justice authority
- A Chief Officer of a relevant authority appointed under section 7 of the Fire (Scotland) Act 2005
- Commissioner for Children and Young People in Scotland
- The Common Services Agency for the Scottish Health Service
- A community justice authority
- Creative Scotland
- Healthcare Improvement Scotland
- The Mental Welfare Commission for Scotland
- A regional Transport Partnership created by an order under section 1(1) of the Transport (Scotland) Act 2005
- Scottish Children's Reporter Administration
- The Scottish Criminal Cases Review Commission
- Scottish Environment Protection Agency
- Scottish Further and Higher Education Funding Council
- The Scottish Legal Aid Board
- Scottish Natural Heritage
- Scottish Qualifications Authority
- The Scottish Social Services Council
- The Scottish Sports Council
- Scottish Water
- Skills Development Scotland
- Social Care and Social Work Improvement Scotland
- The Trustees of the National Library of Scotland
- VisitScotland

EAST LOTHIAN COUNCIL MAINSTREAMING EQUALITY PROGRESS REPORT 2013 - 2015

1.0 Purpose of Report

The purpose of this report is to demonstrate progress in mainstreaming equality throughout East Lothian Council both in the observance of its duties and functions and within its workforce during the period 2013 – 2015.

1.1 This mainstreaming equality report uses the terms 'East Lothian Council/Council' as shorthand for the Council, Education Authority and Licensing Board (all three bodies).

2.0 Background

- 2.1 In October 2010 the Equality Act 2010 came into force. This was a consolidating piece of legislation designed to strengthen the rights of the individual against harassment, victimisation and discrimination at work, at home, and in the wider community as well as advancing equality of opportunity and fostering good relations between those who share protected characteristics and those who do not.
- 2.2 Created by the Equality Act 2010, on 05 April 2011 the Public Sector Equality Duty came into force. This Duty consisted of a general equality duty and specific equality duties, the latter being given as a framework for 'listed bodies' to follow in order to achieve the general duty.
- 2.3 The general equality duty required all listed bodies, of which East Lothian Council is one, to have 'due regard' in the exercise of their functions to the need to:
 - Eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct that is prohibited by or under the Act;
 - Advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it; and
 - Foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it
- 2.4 Having 'due regard' in relation to advancing equality of opportunity included:
 - Removing or minimising disadvantages suffered by persons who share a protected characteristic that are connected to that characteristic;
 - Taking steps to meet the needs of persons with protected characteristics that are different from persons who do not share it; and
 - Encouraging participation in public life and other areas where representation is disproportionately low

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- 2.5 Having 'due regard' in relation to the need to foster good relations between those who have a protected characteristic and those who do not required particular attention to the need to:
 - Tackle prejudice; and
 - Promote understanding
- 2.6 The Protected Characteristics are:
 - Age
 - Disability
 - Gender Re-assignment
 - Marriage & Civil Partnerships (restricted to elimination of unlawful discrimination in employment)
 - Pregnancy & Maternity
 - Race
 - Religion or Belief
 - Sex (formerly known as gender)
 - Sexual Orientation
- 2.7 This is the Council's 1st Mainstreaming Equality Progress Report 2013 2015. As part of the Council's Equality Plan 2013-2016 five key areas were identified as key areas where we could demonstrate commitment to mainstreaming equality as part of everything the Council does.
- 2.8 It is important to note that the Council as an Education Authority must also meet the requirements of the Equality Act 2010 and Regulations 2012. Further, the Council also administers the Licensing Board and needs to meet the requirements of the Act and Regulations when undertaking its duties in this regard. Accordingly, at the relevant points within this report reference will be made to all three bodies.

3.0 Mainstreaming Equality 2013 - 2015 - context

- 3.1 In the Council's first Mainstreaming Report 2013 it was considered that:
 - Mainstreaming equality meant making equality part of the day to day business of the Council, Education Authority & Licensing Board both as service planners, providers and employers, rather than a 'bolt-on' at the end of projects and other programmes of work;
 - By mainstreaming equality, the Council, Education Authority & Licensing Board could
 ensure that equality of opportunity was part of the culture of the organisations, and
 that both employees and customers could benefit from organisations where they felt
 valued and their interests and issues on a level par with all others' issues and values;
 - Further, by mainstreaming equality the Council, Education Authority & Licensing Board could demonstrate its commitment to the general duty by publicly demonstrating that they would not condone unlawful discrimination, victimisation and harassment; and that
 - The Council, Education Authority & Licensing Board could also demonstrate that they
 would work to advance equality of opportunity and fostering good relations
 between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not within
 their own organisations and through partnership and joint working practices with
 neighbours and community planning partners.

The Council, Education Authority & Licensing Board remain committed to these considerations, and during the period 2013 – 2015 have worked hard to embed each of the needs of the General Equality Duty for each protected characteristic throughout all of its work.

4.0 Progress made during 2013 - 2015 to mainstream equality throughout the Council, Education Authority & Licensing Board (all three bodies)

4.1 Ensuring high level commitment to Equality through all levels of the Council Structures and planning procedures

The service planning structure of the Council includes the Single Outcome Agreement, Council Plan and lower levels plans including business plans. In 2013 the Single Outcome Agreement has strengthened its commitment to tackling inequality including a reference to equal opportunities within the Partnerships Statement of Intent (We will work in Partnership to build an East Lothian where everyone has the opportunity to lead a fulfilling life and which contributes to a fair and sustainable future').

The East Lothian Partnership has identified an overarching priority for its work which is reflected throughout the desired outcomes of the Partnership. This priority is to 'reduce'

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inequality both within and between our communities'. This commitment provides a direct link between the six national priorities and East Lothian's local priorities and outcomes.

A full copy of the Single Outcome Agreement can be viewed http://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/info/200135/east-lothian partnership-priorities/1586/community-planning-in-east-lothian/3

The Council Plan continues to have a prominent commitment to Equal Opportunities and to the requirements of the Equality Act 2010. A copy of the Council Plan can be found http://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/news/article/1189/council approves new five-year plan for east lothian

4.2 Understanding the Impact of our Work

4.2.1 The new Integrated Impact Assessment (IIA) process

Working in partnership with NHS Lothian, Mid & West Lothian, and the City of Edinburgh Council a new Integrated Impact Assessment has been developed. This IIA looks not only to equality issues but to socio-economic inequality, health inequalities, environmental and sustainability matters thereby giving service providers the bigger picture that allows them to identify priorities now and in the future.

The consultation for the IIA was carried out over the summer of 2014 and the resultant version has been piloted within the NHS for the last few months. All parties are due to meet on 05 May to start final sign-off, and it is hoped that other public organisations will look to use this system for impact assessment purposes.

Completed impact assessments are published on the Council website

4.2.2 Equalities Monitoring

The Council continues to use equalities monitoring to gather and analyse information about service users. The Council's Guide 'A Guide to Monitoring Equalities in Council Services' provides guidance for employees on how to monitor effectively.

4.2.3 Self Evaluation

'How Good is our Council' (HGIOC) is used across East Lothian Council to assist services and the Council as a whole to evaluate how well it is doing in a robust and systematic way. HGIOC is implemented is implemented on a phased approach offering the opportunity to focus on specific areas of work and time for improvement between evaluations.

In 2013 questions in relation to equality and diversity were included in the self-evaluation process. Areas for improvement were included in the Corporate Improvement Plan. The next self-evaluation process which will include equalities consideration is in 2016.

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Examples of the self-evaluation questions are:

- 'how effectively does the service understand the diversity and inequality within its communities'
- How effectively can the service demonstrate improved outcomes for diverse communities

4.3 Gathering Information about the experiences of equality groups

The Council continues to recognise that gathering information/ evidence about the needs and experiences of those with protected characteristics is an important way for the Council to deliver services that meet the needs of the community. The Council does this in different ways including community engagement, participation and desk based research. Since the publication of the Equality Plan a number of key developments have strengthen the knowledge we have about our communities:

- Development of 6 'Ward Area Profiles' which provide detailed information about populations and economies and more in each ward area, allowing for a better understanding of differences within and between wards (incorporating information collected as part of the Equality Evidence Review prepared to inform the Equality Plan 2013-2016)
- Development of the East Lothian Citizen's Panel as a mechanism to gather the views of local people on key issues
- Launch of 'People's Voice' East Lothian partnerships framework for engaging people and communities
- Launch of the 'The Champions' Board' whose remit is to provide a platform for looked after children to engage with their corporate parent and make their needs known.
- Continuation of engagement with local stakeholder groups including East Lothian Access Panel, Family Lead Information Point and others.
- Successful working relationships with regional and national equality groups to provide information / evidence about particular groups that have no local representation
- Use of National Resources including 'Equality Evidence Finer' developed by the Scottish Government/ Improvement Service.

Good Practice Example: Establishment of the East Lothian Diversity Network

The East Lothian Diversity Network brings together individuals, community organisations and groups that are interested in equality and diversity issues. It was established to engaged with local communities abut equalities issues in a new and innovative way (recognising that previous approaches using more traditional methods had limited success).

Key focuses of the Diversity Network

- Celebration: celebrating East Lothian's rich diversity
- Policy: helping to shape our services and practices
- Information: gathering information about the needs and ambitions of minority groups
- Campaigns: improving the understanding of equality and diversity amongst the residents of East Lothian

Events and campaigns have a range of initiatives including East Lothian Multi-Cultural Day, LGBT History Month celebrations, International Women's Day events, World Autism Day and more.

Good Practice Example: LGBT History Month 2014 'Voices of the Commonwealth'

In 2014, the Diversity Network celebrated LGBT History Month by connecting with the theme of the Commonwealth Games. Events included an exhibition about LGBT equality across the Commonwealth countries. The exhibition was launched in a special event with speakers from Kaleidoscope UK, LGBT Youth Scotland; Stonewall Scotland and the Council's Equality Champion Cllr. Mc Neil. The event also featured the Loud and Proud Choir. The exhibition was then on display in three East Lothian Libraries and two East Lothian secondary schools. Pupils and teachers from East Lothian Schools attend the event and this further facilitated discussion about LGBT equality in Schools.

LGBT Youth have been working with young people and pupils at North Berwick High Schools to undertake workshops with pupils and teachers about LGBT equality. Three special youth groups were held to support young LGBT people living in the North Berwick area.

4.4 Building Organisational Capacity

Equality & Diversity Training

Training continues to be an important method of mainstreaming equality and diversity. The Council developed an Equality Training Plan in 2010 and its aims continue to be to:

- Ensure that East Lothian Council is able to meet its general and specific duties under equalities and human rights legislation.
- Provide employees with opportunities for learning and awareness of their role and responsibilities under equality and human rights legislation.
- Develop a skilled, motivated and culturally capable workforce that can bring about changes that will improve services and tackle inequalities.

Examples of Equality and Diversity Training have included:

- Development of a series of 'Equality Guides' tailored specifically to employees,
 Elected members and covering a range of topics including equality monitoring,
 harassment and the Equality Act
- Development of online E-learning modules allowing employees to learn at their own pace
- Delivery of bespoke training sessions for individual service areas e.g. Museums service session for them to improve understand of equality and customer experience and support them to strengthen their equality action in their business plan
- Inclusion of equality information as part of the Council's Induction for new employees
- Programme of topic based face to face learning sessions including Understanding Islam, Autism Awareness, Deafblind Awareness and Domestic Abuse
- In 2014 a specific equality and diversity general awareness course was developed and delivered for Enjoy Leisure staff. This course is currently being rolled out across Enjoy Leisure with feedback to date being good.
- Updates for Council's Management Team on the new Integrated Impact Assessment focusing on the benefits that this process gives to service planning and delivery as well as staff wellbeing

It is anticipated that within the next two years all staff will be encouraged to undergo refresher equality and diversity training, and those involved in developing service planning

and delivery more detailed training in the need for and use of the new Integrated Impact Assessment tool.

Good Practice Example: Equality in Early Years Project

The Equality in Early Years Project seeks to support those working in early years services to understand more about equality and diversity and why it is important in early years services. The project aims to encourage all those working with children and young people to:

- Recognise the impact of discrimination and social inequalities on children and families
- Recognise the importance of what is learned in childhood and how this lays the foundation for a more just and equal society
- Value diversity and difference this includes differences in identities, cultures, beliefs, abilities and social practices
- Challenge negative labels and attitudes.

The Project delivered

- A specially designed Guide to Equality In Early Years which was distributed to practitioners across East Lothian
- Tailored equalities training sessions for those working in Early Years including sessions on social inclusion, working with LGBT families, additional support needs, understanding autism and general introduction to equal opportunities
- Online training modules on Equality in Early Years

A copy of the guide is available:

http://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/info/751/equality diversity and citizenship/835/equality and diversity/4

4.5 Ensure that those who provide services on our behalf also consider equality

In 2013 the Council noted that it 'ensures that all duties under the Equality Act will be integral to the procurement process,and that staff involved in procurement work will be offered training in order that they fully understand the provisions of the Equality Act and how this impacts on their area of work'.

During the period 2015 - 2017 the Equality section intends to further work with the procurement section in order to:

- Develop further equality issues within our procurement strategy such as buying with other community planning partners and increasing supplier diversity;
- Identify need and build a business case by reviewing the current provision for equality in procurement; building equality into the business case; and engaging with service users;

- Introduce equality requirements in contract specifications including;
- Specify positive action and reasonable adjustments as well as workforce requirements;
- Use more inclusive advertising and selection of tenderers' processes;
- Develop an inclusive award process as well as implementing equality contract conditions and monitoring them;
- Learn lessons at the end of a contract

This will ensure that the procurement team understand their responsibilities and obligations within the Equality Act 2010 (Specific Duties) (Scotland) Regulations 2012, particularly to consider the use of award criteria and conditions in relation to public procurement.

4.5 Working in Partnership with others

Good Practice Example: Travellers Site refurbishment.

A Gypsy Travellers site is currently operational at Smeaton on the East Lothian/ Midlothian border. Midlothian Council and East Lothian Council currently lease the site which is a rural setting, approximately 1km south of the East Lothian village of Whitecraig and approximately 1.5km north of the town of Dalkeith. The site was opened in October 1994 with 20 pitches for Gypsy/Travellers. In recent years, conditions on the site had deteriorated.

The refurbishment project is completed and involved the commitment, dedication and team work of Midlothian Council, East Lothian Council and Shelter, who have overcome huge challenges, including complex leasing negotiations, to deliver an upgraded gypsy/travellers' site that more than meets the statutory requirement in the Local Housing Strategy to provide suitable accommodation for this group within our community. By consulting extensively with the gypsy/travelling community on, for example, prioritising the work schedules and even colours for the new portacabins, relations between the authorities and this community has improved significantly. Securing a permanent site for the travelling people will also help them access education, health and employment opportunities and make for a more balanced and equal community in Midlothian. Further benefits to the Council and wider community include increased rent revenue and a rise in the number of people applying for a place on the site

Good Practice Example: Hate Crime Awareness Event

During the winter of 2013/14 East Lothian Council in association with Midlothian Council, Police Scotland and ELREC carried out a Hate Crime questionnaire consultation with local shop keepers in the East and Midlothian areas. This campaign was driven by an increase of hate incidents at 'points of sale' noted by Police Scotland.

Participation in the event was good and the event hosts decided to thank those who had participated and any other interested parties by putting on a Bowling event at East Lothian Indoor Bowling Club.

This event again demonstrated the need to involve all in the community and to confront issues such as hate crime within our towns and villages

5. Other ongoing work in support of equal opportunities include:

- Funding and promotion of Disabled Go providing free access information to over
 1200 local venues
- Establishment of the Public Protection Unit which brings together Adult and Child Protection and Violence Against Women and Girls staff into one place. This will take forward our vision of an integrated approach to all aspects of Public Protection "across the lifespan" and will promote the understanding of the impact of trauma at all ages and stages of life
- Continued membership of Stonewall Scotland to improve workplace policy and practice for LGBT employees
- Corporate membership of the White Ribbon Campaign to engage men to support an end to violence against women
- Establishment of a Youth Citizens Panel to increase the voice of 14 25 year olds.
- Investment in local Rights and Advice Services to meet the needs of all those who need them in East Lothian, including specific support for vulnerable groups including families with disabled children and carers.

6.0 Areas of development for 2015 - 2017

- 6.1 In addition to ongoing projects noted in section 4, the following areas of work will be entered into during 2015 2017:
 - The Council will address gaps in employee monitoring information and other evidence legislation and good practice requires us to have;
 - We (the Council) will conduct an interim evaluation to make sure we are up to speed with the actions and outputs needed to meet our equality duties;
 - Build relationships with individuals and organisations who can assist us by getting involved in the 2017 outcome setting process;
 - Meet with managers and other stakeholders within the Council who can assist the Equality & Diversity Officer in mainstreaming progress and plans for the future;
 - Consider how we prepare for the inclusion of race and disability in our equal pay policy and occupational segregation information from 2017 onwards;
 - Evaluate and improve further our approach to the duties on Equality Impact Assessment and Procurement
 - Further develop the process to be followed in the gathering of data and information for the mainstreaming report 2015 2017;
 - Make sure that the people we involve with in equality outcome setting are empowered and have the capacity to be involved;
 - Ensure that the Equal Pay Statement and the Gender Pay Gap information covers all the requirements of the Act

6.0 Employee Information analysis for the year 2013/14

6.1 **Key Findings 2013/14**

- The Council's headcount has fallen by 117 people over the past year (a total of 473 over five years). The number of male applicants for Council positions reduced marginally by 0.8% in 2013/14 with the number of female applicants reducing by 1.4%. 426 jobs were advertised by the Council a decrease of 93 jobs on the previous year. Competition for jobs has decreased with an average of 21 people applying for each post.
- The number of applicants to the Council has decreased by over 4,436, giving a total of 9,055 applications. This reduction is due to a marked decrease in the number of recruitment campaigns (reduction of almost 100 on 2012/13).

- 567 employees left the organisation within the reporting period.
- The number of both female and male applicants decreased significantly, however, this was due to the reduction in the number of posts advertised.
- The Council's workforce remains comprised of 71% female employees and 29% male employees.
- Men and women are employed in the workforce in different ways. 33% of female employees were working part time (a decrease of 2%) of the Council workforce compared with 3% of men (a decrease of 0.6%).
- There are a higher number of female employees undertaking flexible working arrangements than male colleagues only 1 male compared to 62 female are taking up job share opportunities.
- 3.6% of the workforce declared having a disability. The number of employees reluctant to answer by either giving no reply or preferring not to answer this question remains the same as 2012/13.
- The religious profile of employees has not changed significantly this year. Slightly less than half of employees have declared a Christian faith, with a quarter of employees stating that they have no religion and 25% choosing not to provide an answer to this question.
- The Council has an aging workforce with a high percentage (33%) of employees aged between 46 and 55. The number of employees aged 16-25 has risen slightly. The number of employees aged 16-25 years was 264, an increase of 16 employees on 2012-13. This significant increase is due the Council's Youth Unemployment Initiatives and this trend is set to continue as a result (See Appendix 3a). The number of employees aged 36-45 also fell in 2013/14 (by 40).
- Employees remain sensitive about declaring their sexual orientation in the workplace with 24% of staff (combined 'prefer not to answer' and 'no reply') choosing not to disclose this information
- In 2013/14 a very small percentage of employees declared themselves transsexual.
- In 2013/14 58% of the workforce were married, with 32% declaring themselves single and less than 1% were in Civil Partnerships.
- In 2013/14 84% of women reaching the end of Maternity Leave, returned to work (16% chose not to return to work at the end of their Maternity Leave).
- In 2013/14 there were no disciplinary or grievance cases taken on the grounds of equality or diversity issues.

6.2 Workforce Profile Analysis (Appendix 1)

Gender

- The Council retains a workforce comprised of 71% female employees and 29% male employees.
- 3% of the workforce is comprised of males working part time while female part time employees comprise 34% of the workforce. The number of employees working on a job share basis has decreased from 81 to 63, with 98% of job share positions held by women.
- The number of females in the top 2% of salaries remains unchanged (42.6%).

Disability

- 3.6% or 171 of Council employees have declared that they are disabled, a slight decrease on 2012/13.
- A combined 'prefer not to answer' and 'no reply' of 22% may indicate that the real figure for disabled employees could be higher. The number of people reluctant to answer this question remained unchanged.
- Further work may be required to ensure that employees feel confident in declaring that they have a disability.

Ethnic Origin

- The Council's workforce is predominantly White Scottish at 66%, a negligible increase on last year. This remains consistent with the employee profile over the past four years and broadly reflective of the population of East Lothian (as per Census 2011).
- Very slight percentage changes can be seen across all other ethnic profiles reflecting the movement of one or two employees.

Religion, Faith and Belief

- Church of Scotland remains the predominant religious denomination (32.1%), with 8.6% declaring Roman Catholic as their religion.
- Other Christian faiths (7.3%), Buddhists, Muslims, Jews and Hindu are represented in small numbers across the employee population.

Age

- The total number of Council employees over the age of 65 remained static.
- The largest percentage of employees are aged between 46 and 55 and the number of employees in this category dropped by 48 people on last year.
- The number of employees aged 16-25 continues to rise to 264, an increase of 16 on last year (See Appendix 3a).
- Numbers of employees within the ages 26-35 and 36-45 continue to decrease.

Sexual Orientation

- 74% of Council employees declared themselves to be heterosexual, a slight decrease of 1% on last year.
- 1.2% of employees are gay, lesbian or bisexual (decrease of 0.1%).
- A combined 'prefer not to answer' and 'no reply' of 24% may suggest that the number of lesbian, gay and bisexual employees is higher than that recorded. It also reflects sensitivity around answering this question within the workplace.

Gender Reassignment

• In 2013/14 0.9% of employees declared themselves transsexual. *NB: The equalities monitoring returns were manually checked in relation to this question as the figure was disproportionate to East Lothian's demographic. It is assumed, therefore, that some individuals ticked the wrong box in error.

Marriage/Civil Partnership

• In 2013/14 58% of the workforce were married, with 32% declaring themselves single and a small number were in Civil Partnerships.

Pregnancy/Maternity

- In 2013/14 84% of women reaching the end of Maternity Leave, returned to work (16% chose not to return to work at the end of their Maternity Leave).
- In line with statute, employees who are pregnant are given special leave to attend
 appointments associated with their pregnancy. In addition, during maternity leave
 they are offered the opportunity and actively encouraged to take part in "keep in
 touch" days. Employees on maternity leave are also communicated with on a regular
 basis in terms of keeping them up to date with any changes.

Disciplinary Cases

 Where disciplinary action has been taken, regardless of the outcome, analysis has shown no evidence of disproportionate treatment on the grounds of any of the protected characteristics.

Grievance Cases

 Where grievance cases were lodged, regardless of the outcome, analysis has shown no evidence of disproportionate treatment on the grounds of any of the protected characteristics.

6.3 Leavers Profile Analysis

See Appendix 1a.

6.4 Recruitment Profile Analysis (Appendix 2)

Gender

- The number of applicants to the Council has decreased by over 4,436, giving a total of 9,055 applications.
- This reduction is due to a marked decrease in the number of recruitment campaigns (reduction of 92 on 2012/13).
- The number of both female and male applicants decreased significantly, however, this was due to the reduction in the number of posts advertised.
- Female candidates continue to have a higher percentage chance of being shortlisted for jobs, with 73.2% of shortlisted applications being female (up 5.9%) and 26.2% male shortlisted candidates (down by 5.5%). The Council continues to work to remove stereotypical attitudes to gender roles and will continue to do so in the future.
- Of those candidates who accepted a position with the Council, 76.1% were female and 22.9% were male, with a combined 'prefer not to answer' and 'unknown' of 0.9%. These figures show a small increase in female appointments of 1% from last year and a decrease in male appointments of 0.7%.
- The rate of appointment for male/female candidates still reflects a higher percentage of female appointments which, over time, will impact on the gender balance within the Council as a whole.

Disability

- 5.3% or 481 job applicants declared their disability in 2013/14.
- The number of people who preferred not to answer the question remained static which indicates that people remain comfortable declaring that they have a disability despite the job market being more competitive.
- 5.5% of all candidates who were shortlisted for interview declared they had a disability.
- 3.1% of disabled interviewed candidates went on to accept a job with the Council.
- It should be noted that the Council holds the Two-Tick Disability Award, the Mental Health Commendation Award and the Healthy Working Lives Gold Award, and actively promotes these in recruitment practices.

Ethnic Origin

- White Scottish applicants comprise 76% of all candidates, an increase of 1.5% on last year.
- No significant percentage variations in applicants from other ethnic origin categories are obvious.
- Of all applicants shortlisted, 73% were White Scottish, 15% were White Other British, with the remaining 12% from other ethnic groups.
- Of all successful applicants, 76% were White Scottish, 15% where White Other British, with the remaining 9% from other ethnic groups.

Religion, Faith or Belief

- Church of Scotland members decreased slightly by 1% to 23.3% of all candidates, with Roman Catholic decreasing by 0.8% to 10.3%, and a combined 'prefer not to answer' and 'unknown' of 9% of applicants choosing not to disclose their religion, faith or belief.
- Of all applicants shortlisted, 25.2% were Church of Scotland and 11.2% Roman Catholic.
- Of all successful applicants;
- 43.3% stated "No Religion" (slight increase of 2.4%).
- 28.1% stated Church of Scotland (a decrease of 1.4%).

- 10.5% stated Roman Catholic (a decrease of 0.6%).
- 8% stated "Other Christian" (static on last year).
- A combined 'prefer not to answer' and 'unknown' of 8%.
- 3.8% stated Buddhist, Other Religion or Belief or Unknown.

Age

- 29.9% of all candidates were aged between 26-35 years.
- 23.6% aged between 16-25 years.
- 20.4% aged between 36-45.
- 18.5% aged between 46-55.
- 5.4% aged between 56-65.
- 0.2% aged over 65.
- 1.7% unknown.
- Of all applicants shortlisted, 29.8% were aged between 26-35, 21.2% were aged between 36-45, 23.4% aged between 46-55 and 18.5% were aged between 16-25.
- Of all successful applicants;
- 14% were aged between 16-25 years.
- 31.2% were aged between 26-35 years.
- 26.7% were aged between 36-45 years.
- 19.6% were aged between 46-55 years.
- 6% were aged between 56-65 years.
- 0.8% were aged over 65 years.
- 1.7% unknown.

Sexual Orientation

• Heterosexual/Straight applicants remained static at 92% of all candidates.

- Of all applicants shortlisted, 93% were Heterosexual/Straight, with a combined 'prefer not to answer' and 'unknown' of 5%.
- No significant percentage variations in applicants from other Sexual Orientation categories are obvious.
- Of all successful applicants;
- 92% were Heterosexual/Straight.
- 0.9% were Bisexual.
- 1.5% were Gay or Lesbian.
- 5.8% combined 'prefer not to answer' and 'unknown'.

Gender Reassignment

- 97% of job applicants answered No, 0.08% answered yes, with a combined 'prefer not to answer' and 'unknown' of 3.2%.
- Of all applicants shortlisted, 97.6% answered No, with a combined 'prefer not to answer' and 'unknown' of 2.4%.
- Of all successful applicants, 96% answered No, with a combined 'prefer not to answer' and 'unknown' of 3.8%.

Married/Civil Partnership

- 17.5% of job applicants were married, 37.3% were not married, with a combined 'prefer not to answer' and 'unknown' of 45%.
- Of all applicants shortlisted, 22% were married, 37% were not married, with a combined 'prefer not to answer' and 'unknown' of 40.6%.
- Of all successful applicants, 18.6% were married, 32.7% were not married, with a combined 'prefer not to answer' and 'unknown' of 48.6%.

6.5 Training Profile Analysis

Different approaches such as one-to-one, group coaching sessions and leadership management courses for identified learning needs. This move away from a one size fits all classroom training approach continues to facilitate inclusion for all employees, irrespective of protected characteristic.

6.6 Conclusion

The 2013/14 employee monitoring information highlights the importance of the work that the Council does to ensure it is an employer of choice, providing modern and fair employment opportunities and experiences. The analysis of this year's information highlights a number of areas for the Council to focus on in the year ahead.

The main points of note, agreed with the Joint Trades Union Secretary, are:

- The Council needs to ensure that all employees are aware of the benefits of flexible working. Particular effort should be made to ensure that employees working in areas which are traditionally less likely to avail themselves of employee benefits are made aware of the opportunities available to them.
- The age profile of the Council continues to represent challenges to workforce planning within the Council.
- Work remains to be done to ensure the Council is a positive workplace for lesbian, gay and bisexual employees. Continuing our work with Stonewall Scotland is an important element in this work.
- Engagement with employees in relation to equal opportunities is an important
 means of giving the Council a more qualitative insight into the issues concerning
 employees and allows the Council to take these on board when reviewing and
 developing new policies. The Council continues to encourage employees to feel
 confident about declaring their disability, sexual orientation or information about
 other protected characteristics. This year's data continues to show an increased
 confidence in disclosing equalities information.
- There have been no disciplinary or grievance cases taken on the grounds of equality or diversity issues.
- The Council's Local Government Employee Groups Equal Pay Audit now includes all protected characteristics.

Human Resources, aided by the Council's Equalities Officer and in collaboration with the Joint Trades Unions, lead the Council's approach to employment equalities across all departments. The preparation of the equalities in employment annual report is a significant piece of work for the department as it informs key aspects of the work of the overall service.

Appendix 1 – Workforce Profile 2013-14

1. <u>Gender Profiles</u> (of total workforce)

| | Full Time Employees Male | 1057 (22%) | Female | 1391 (29%) |
|----|---|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------|
| | Part Time Employees Male | 141 (3%) | Female | 1574 (33%) |
| | <u>Casual workers</u> Male | 189 (3.9%) | Female | 360 (7%) |
| | Job Share Male | 1 (0.02%) | Female | 62 (1.3%) |
| | Women in Top 2% and Top 2% | <u>5% Salaries</u> 42.6% | Top 5% | 52.4% |
| 2. | <u>Disability Profile</u> No Prefer not to answer | 74.5% 1.9% | Yes Unknown | 3.5% 20% |

3. Ethnic Origin

| * | |
|------|--|
| * | |
| * | |
| * | |
| * | |
| 6 | 0.1% |
| * | |
| * | |
| * | |
| * | |
| 20 | 0.4% |
| 0 | |
| 69 | 1.4% |
| 935 | 19.5% |
| 35 | 0.7% |
| 47 | 0.9% |
| 467 | 9.7% |
| 23 | 0.4% |
| 3148 | 65.9% |
| | * * * * 6 * * 20 0 69 935 35 47 467 23 |

NB * Where less than 5 employees under any category the exact numbers are not published to protect individual identity

4. Religion, Faith or Belief Profile

| Buddhist | 13 | 0.2% |
|--------------------------|------|-------|
| Church of Scotland | 1533 | 32.1% |
| Hindu | * | |
| Jewish | * | |
| Muslim | * | |
| Other Christian | 276 | 5.7% |
| Other Religion or Belief | 62 | 1.3% |
| Prefer not to answer | 266 | 5.5% |
| Roman Catholic | 409 | 8.5% |
| None | 1266 | 26.5% |
| Unknown | 939 | 19.6% |

NB * Where less than 5 employees under any category the exact numbers are not published to protect individual identity

5. Age Profile

| • | 16 – 25 | 264 | 5.5% |
|---|---------|------|-------|
| • | 26 - 35 | 750 | 15.7% |
| • | 36 - 45 | 1165 | 24.4% |
| • | 46 – 55 | 1595 | 33.4% |
| • | 56 – 65 | 912 | 19.1% |
| • | > 65 | 89 | 1.8% |

6. <u>Sexual Orientation</u>

| • | Bisexual | 16 | 0.3% |
|---|-----------------------|------|-------|
| • | Gay | 31 | 0.6% |
| • | Lesbian | 15 | 0.3% |
| • | Heterosexual/Straight | 3557 | 74.4% |
| • | Prefer not to answer | 203 | 4.2% |
| • | Unknown | 953 | 19.9% |

7. Gender Reassignment

| • | No | 4639 | 97.1% |
|---|----------------------|------|-------|
| • | Yes | 45 | 0.9% |
| • | Prefer not to answer | 91 | 1.9% |
| • | Unknown | 0 | 0% |

8. Married/Civil Partnership

| • | Civil Partnership | 7 | 0.1% |
|---|----------------------|------|-------|
| • | Married | 2764 | 57.8% |
| • | Not Married | 1551 | 32.4% |
| • | Prefer not to answer | 103 | 2.1% |
| • | Unknown | 350 | 7.3% |

9. Pregnancy/Maternity

 84% of women reaching end of Maternity Leave returned to work, 16% still remain on Maternity Leave.

NB * Where less than 5 employees under any category the exact numbers are not published to protect individual identity

Appendix 1a - Leavers Profile 2013-14

10. Gender Profiles (of total workforce)

| Full Time Employees Male | 130 (23%) | Female | 175 (31%) |
|---------------------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|
| Part Time Employees Male | 18 (3%) | Female | 152 (27%) |
| Casual workers Male | 23 (4%) | Female | 63 (11%) |
| <u>Job Share</u> Male | 0 | Female | 6 (1%) |
| . <u>Disability Profile</u> | | | |
| No | 72.3% | Yes | 6% |

11.

| No | 72.3% | Yes | 6% |
|----------------------|-------|---------|-----|
| Prefer not to answer | 2% | Unknown | 19% |

12. Ethnic Origin

| African-Other | * | |
|----------------------------|-----|-------|
| Any Mixed or Multiple | * | |
| Asian-Bangladesh Scot/UK | * | |
| Asian-Other (Scot/UK) | * | |
| Other | 5 | 0.9% |
| Other-Arab (Scot/UK) | * | |
| Prefer not to answer | 10 | 1.8% |
| Unknown | 104 | 18.3% |
| White – East European | * | |
| White – Irish | 8 | 1.4% |
| White – Other British | 63 | 11.1% |
| White – Other Ethnic Group | * | |
| White – Scottish | 364 | 64.2% |

NB * Where less than 5 employees under any category the exact numbers are not published to protect individual identity

13. Religion, Faith or Belief Profile

| Church of Scotland | 162 | 28.6% |
|--------------------------|-----|-------|
| Jewish | * | |
| None | 157 | 28% |
| Other Christian | 45 | 7.9% |
| Other Religion or Belief | 8 | 1.4% |
| Prefer not to answer | 39 | 6.8% |
| Roman Catholic | 47 | 8.2% |
| Unknown | 252 | 42.4% |

Muslim *
Buddhist *

NB * Where less than 5 employees under any category the exact numbers are not published to protect individual identity

14. Age Profile

| • | 16 – 25 | 50 | 8.8% |
|---|---------|-----|-------|
| • | 26 - 35 | 111 | 19.5% |
| • | 36 - 45 | 87 | 15.3% |
| • | 46 – 55 | 94 | 16.5% |
| • | 56 – 65 | 198 | 34.9% |
| • | > 65 | 27 | 4.7% |

15. Sexual Orientation

| • | Bisexual | * | 0.1% |
|---|-----------------------|-----|-------|
| • | Gay | * | 0.7% |
| • | Lesbian | * | 0.7% |
| • | Heterosexual/Straight | 425 | 74.9% |
| • | Prefer not to answer | 24 | 4.2% |
| • | Unknown | 109 | 19.2% |

16. Gender Reassignment

| • | No | 442 | 77.9% |
|---|----------------------|-----|-------|
| • | Yes | 7 | 1.2% |
| • | Prefer not to answer | 9 | 1.5% |
| • | Unknown | 109 | 19.2% |

17. Married/Civil Partnership

| • | Civil Partnership | * | 0.1% |
|---|----------------------|-----|-------|
| • | Married | 295 | 52% |
| • | Not Married | 194 | 34.2% |
| • | Prefer not to answer | 13 | 2.2% |
| • | Unknown | 64 | 11.2% |

NB * Where less than 5 employees under any category the exact numbers are not published to protect individual identity

18. Pregnancy/Maternity

No women reaching end of Maternity Leave left the Council.

Appendix 2 – Recruitment Profiles 2013/14

1. **Gender Profiles**

| Job Applicants | | |
|----------------------|------|---------|
| Female | 6019 | 66.4% |
| Male | 2928 | 32.3% |
| Prefer not to answer | 15 | 0.1% |
| Unknown | 93 | 1.0% |
| | 9055 | 100.00% |

| Short listed candidates | | |
|-------------------------|------|---------|
| Female | 1169 | 73.2% |
| Male | 418 | 26.2% |
| Prefer not to answer | * | 0.0% |
| Unknown | 7 | 0.4% |
| | 1595 | 100.00% |

| Successful candidates | | |
|-----------------------|-----|---------|
| Female | 558 | 76.1% |
| Male | 168 | 22.9% |
| Prefer not to answer | * | 0.1% |
| Unknown | 6 | 0.8% |
| | 733 | 100.00% |

2. <u>Disability Profile</u>

| Job Applicants | | |
|----------------------|------|---------|
| Yes | 481 | 5.3% |
| No | 8388 | 92.6% |
| Prefer not to answer | 49 | 0.5% |
| Unknown | 137 | 1.5% |
| | 9055 | 100.00% |

| Short listed candidates | | |
|-------------------------|------|---------|
| Yes | 88 | 5.5% |
| No | 1474 | 92.4% |
| Prefer not to answer | 12 | 0.7% |
| Unknown | 21 | 1.3% |
| | 1595 | 100.00% |

| Successful candidates | | |
|-----------------------|-----|---------|
| Yes | 23 | 3.1% |
| No | 695 | 94.8% |
| Prefer not to answer | * | 0.5% |
| Unknown | 11 | 1.5% |
| | 733 | 100.00% |

3. Ethnic Origin

| Job Applicants | | |
|--|------|---------|
| Asian- Pakistani (Inc.Scottish/British) | 61 | 0.6% |
| Caribbean or Black (Other) | 9 | 0.1% |
| African- (Inc.Scottish/British) | 21 | 0.2% |
| African- Other | 41 | 0.4% |
| Any Mixed or Multiple | 47 | 0.5% |
| Asian- Bangladeshi(Inc.Scottish/British) | 7 | 0.0% |
| Asian- Chinese (Inc.Scottish/British) | 20 | 0.2% |
| Asian- Indian (Inc.Scottish/British) | 41 | 0.4% |
| Asian- Other (Inc.Scottish/British) | 5 | 0.0% |
| Black (Inc.Scottish/British) | 7 | 0.0% |
| Caribbean (Inc.Scottish/British) | * | 0.0% |
| Other- Arab (Inc.Scottish/British) | * | 0.0% |
| Other, please specify | 65 | 0.7% |
| Prefer not to answer | 70 | 0.7% |
| Unknown | 161 | 1.7% |
| White – Eastern European | 43 | 0.4% |
| White – Polish | 96 | 0.9% |
| White - Scottish | 6850 | 75.6% |
| White- Eastern European (eg Polish) | 5 | 0.0% |
| White- Irish | 131 | 1.4% |
| White- Other British | 1049 | 11.5% |
| White- Other white ethnic group | 322 | 3.5% |
| Grand Total | 9055 | 100.00% |

| Short-listed Candidates | | |
|---|------|---------|
| Asian- Pakistani (Inc.Scottish/British) | 8 | 0.5% |
| African- Other | 6 | 0.3% |
| Any Mixed or Multiple | 10 | 0.6% |
| Asian- Indian (Inc.Scottish/British) | * | 0.1% |
| Black (Inc.Scottish/British) | * | 0.0% |
| Other, please specify | 16 | 1.0% |
| Prefer not to answer | 9 | 0.5% |
| Unknown | 17 | 1.0% |
| White – Eastern European | 6 | 0.3% |
| White – Polish | 11 | 0.6% |
| White - Scottish | 1170 | 73.3% |
| White- Eastern European (eg Polish) | * | 0.1% |
| White- Irish | 41 | 2.5% |
| White- Other British | 240 | 15.0% |
| White- Other white ethnic group | 54 | 3.3% |
| Grand Total | 1595 | 100.00% |

| Successful Candidates | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|---------|
| African- Other | * | 0.1% |
| Any Mixed or Multiple | * | 0.2% |
| Asian- Indian (Inc.Scottish/British) | * | 0.2% |
| Other, please specify | 5 | 0.6% |
| Prefer not to answer | * | 0.4% |
| Unknown | 10 | 1.3% |
| White – Eastern European | * | 0.1% |
| White – Polish | 7 | 0.9% |
| White - Scottish | 559 | 76.2% |
| White- Irish | 14 | 1.9% |
| White- Other British | 113 | 15.4% |
| White- Other white ethnic group | 16 | 2.1% |
| Grand Total | 733 | 100.00% |

4. Religion, Faith or Belief Profile

| Job Applicants | | |
|--------------------------|------|---------|
| Buddhist | 16 | 0.1% |
| Church of Scotland | 2111 | 23.3% |
| Hindu | 17 | 0.1% |
| Humanist | 5 | 0.0% |
| Jewish | 5 | 0.0% |
| Muslim | 77 | 0.8% |
| None | 4142 | 45.7% |
| Other Christian | 740 | 8.1% |
| Other Religion or Belief | 182 | 2.0% |
| Pagan | * | 0.0% |
| Prefer not to answer | 534 | 5.9% |
| Roman Catholic | 937 | 10.3% |
| Sikh | 7 | 0.0% |
| Unknown | 280 | 3.0% |
| Grand Total | 9055 | 100.00% |

| Short listed candidates | | |
|--------------------------|------|---------|
| Buddhist | 5 | 0.3% |
| Church of Scotland | 403 | 25.2% |
| Hindu | * | 0.0% |
| Humanist | * | 0.1% |
| Muslim | 10 | 0.6% |
| None | 670 | 42.0% |
| Other Christian | 146 | 9.1% |
| Other Religion or Belief | 34 | 2.1% |
| Prefer not to answer | 104 | 6.5% |
| Roman Catholic | 178 | 11.1% |
| Sikh | * | 0.1% |
| Unknown | 40 | 2.5% |
| Grand Total | 1595 | 100.00% |

| Successful candidates | | |
|--------------------------|-----|---------|
| Buddhist | * | 0.2% |
| Church of Scotland | 206 | 28.1% |
| None | 318 | 43.3% |
| Other Christian | 60 | 8.1% |
| Other Religion or Belief | 9 | 1.2% |
| Prefer not to answer | 44 | 6.0% |
| Roman Catholic | 77 | 10.5% |
| Unknown | 17 | 2.3% |
| Grand Total | 733 | 100.00% |

5. <u>Age Profile</u>

| Job applicants | | |
|----------------|------|---------|
| 16-25 | 2143 | 23.7% |
| 26-35 | 2707 | 29.9% |
| 36-45 | 1849 | 20.4% |
| 46-55 | 1682 | 18.6% |
| 56-65 | 493 | 5.4% |
| >65 | 19 | 0.2% |
| Unknown | 162 | 1.7% |
| Grand Total | 9055 | 100.00% |

| Short-listed candidates | | |
|-------------------------|------|---------|
| 16-25 | 295 | 18.5% |
| 26-35 | 476 | 29.8% |
| 36-45 | 339 | 21.2% |
| 46-55 | 374 | 23.4% |
| 56-65 | 91 | 5.7% |
| >65 | * | 0.1% |
| Unknown | 18 | 1.1% |
| Grand Total | 1595 | 100.00% |

| Successful candidates | | |
|-----------------------|-----|---------|
| 16-25 | 103 | 14.0% |
| 26-35 | 229 | 31.2% |
| 36-45 | 196 | 26.7% |
| 46-55 | 144 | 19.6% |
| 56-65 | 44 | 6.0% |
| >65 | 6 | 0.8% |
| Unknown | 11 | 1.5% |
| Grand Total | 733 | 100.00% |

6. <u>Sexual Orientation Profiles</u>

| Job applicants | | |
|-----------------------|------|---------|
| Bisexual | 41 | 0.4% |
| Gay | 80 | 0.8% |
| Heterosexual/Straight | 8356 | 92.2% |
| Lesbian | 43 | 0.4% |
| Other | 20 | 0.2% |
| Prefer not to answer | 324 | 3.5% |
| Unknown | 191 | 2.1% |
| Grand Total | 9055 | 100.00% |

| Short-listed candidates | | |
|-------------------------|------|---------|
| Bisexual | 6 | 0.3% |
| Gay | 14 | 0.8% |
| Heterosexual/Straight | 1466 | 91.9% |
| Lesbian | 9 | 0.5% |
| Other | * | 0.2% |
| Prefer not to answer | 69 | 4.3% |
| Unknown | 27 | 1.6% |
| Grand Total | 1595 | 100.00% |

| Successful candidates | | |
|-----------------------|-----|---------|
| Bisexual | * | 0.2% |
| Gay | 5 | 0.6% |
| Heterosexual/Straight | 691 | 94.2% |
| Lesbian | * | 0.1% |
| Other | * | 0.1% |
| Prefer not to answer | 19 | 2.5% |
| Unknown | 14 | 1.9% |
| Grand Total | 733 | 100.00% |

7. <u>Gender Reassignment Profile</u>

| Job Applicants | | |
|----------------------|------|-------|
| No | 8847 | 97.7% |
| Prefer not to answer | 55 | 0.6% |
| Unknown | 151 | 1.6% |
| Yes | * | 0.0% |
| Grand Total | 9055 | |

| Short listed candidates | | |
|-------------------------|------|---------|
| No | 1570 | 98.4% |
| Prefer not to answer | 6 | 0.3% |
| Unknown | 19 | 1.1% |
| Grand Total | 1595 | 100.00% |

| Successful candidates | | |
|-----------------------|-----|---------|
| No | 718 | 97.9% |
| Prefer not to answer | * | 0.5% |
| Unknown | 11 | 1.5% |
| Yes | 0 | 0% |
| Grand Total | 733 | 100.00% |

8. <u>Married/Civil Partnership</u>

| Job Applicants | | |
|---------------------------|------|---------|
| Married/Civil Partnership | 1589 | 17.5% |
| Not Married | 3384 | 37.3% |
| Prefer not to answer | 50 | 0.5% |
| Unknown | 4032 | 44.5% |
| Grand Total | 9055 | 100.00% |

| Short listed candidates | | |
|---------------------------|------|---------|
| Married/Civil Partnership | 354 | 22.1% |
| Not Married | 592 | 37.1% |
| Prefer not to answer | 12 | 0.7% |
| Unknown | 637 | 39.9% |
| Grand Total | 1595 | 100.00% |

| Successful candidates | | |
|---------------------------|-----|---------|
| Married/Civil Partnership | 137 | 18.6% |
| Not Married | 240 | 32.7% |
| Prefer not to answer | 5 | 0.6% |
| Unknown | 351 | 47.8% |
| Grand Total | 733 | 100.00% |

Married/Civil Partnership is reported as one category within myjobscotland, therefore, cannot be split to be reported separately.

NB * Where less than 5 employees under any category the exact numbers are not published to protect individual identity

7.0 Employee Information analysis for the year 2014/15

7.1 Analysis of the 2014/15 employee data is not available at the time of this publication. Accordingly, it is only possible to provide data for Workforce Profile (Appendix 1) and Leavers Profile (Appendix 1a). The full analysis will be published later this year on the Council website under equality and diversity.

Appendix 1 – Workforce Profile 2014-15

1. Gender Profiles (of total workforce)

| Full Time Employees Male | 1063 (| 22%) | | Female | 1376 (29%) |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Part Time Employees Male | 158 (3 | %) | | Female | 1647 (35%) |
| Casual workers Male | 135 (3 | %) | | Female | 305 (6%) |
| Job Share Male | 1 (0.02 | 2%) | | Female | 50 (1%) |
| Women in Top 2% an Top 2% | | alaries et avail | able | Top 5% | Not yet available |
| | ile 76% 1.7% | | | Yes Unknown | 3.4% 19% |
| 3. Ethnic Origin | | | | | |
| African (Scot/UK) African-Other * | | 5 | 0.1% | | |
| Any Mixed or Multiple Asian-Bangladesh Scot Asian- Chinese (Scot/U Asian- Indian (Scot/U Asian- Other (Scot/UH Asian- Pakistan (Scot/UK) Black (Scot/UK) Caribbean/Black (Oth Caribbean (Scot/UK) | ot/UK UK) K) () (UK) | 10 * 8 5 * * | 0.2% 0.2% 0.1% | | |
| Other Prefer not to answer | | 18 62 | 0.4% 1.3% | | |
| TICICI HOL LO aliswei | | 02 | 1.5/0 | | |

875

36

54

22

473

18.5%

0.8%

1.1%

10%

0.5%

3155 66.6%

Unknown

White - Irish

White - East European

White - Other British

White - Scottish

White - Other Ethnic Grp

NB * Where less than 5 employees under any category the exact numbers are not published to protect individual identity

4. Religion, Faith or Belief Profile

| Buddhist | 10 | 0.2% |
|--------------------------|------|-------|
| Church of Scotland | 1474 | 31.1% |
| Hindu | * | |
| Jewish | * | |
| Muslim | 7 | 0.1% |
| Other Christian | 287 | 6.1% |
| Other Religion or Belief | 57 | 1.2% |
| Prefer not to answer | 261 | 5.5% |
| Roman Catholic | 424 | 8.9% |
| None | 1329 | 28% |
| Unknown | 880 | 18.6% |

NB * Where less than 5 employees under any category the exact numbers are not published to protect individual identity

5. Age Profile

| • | 16 – 25 | 229 | 4.8% |
|---|---------|------|-------|
| • | 26 - 35 | 744 | 15.7% |
| • | 36 - 45 | 1136 | 24% |
| • | 46 – 55 | 1593 | 33.6% |
| • | 56 – 65 | 927 | 19.6% |
| • | > 65 | 106 | 2.2% |

6. Sexual Orientation

| • | Bisexual | 17 | 0.3% |
|---|-----------------------|------|-------|
| • | Gay | 37 | 0.8% |
| • | Lesbian | 16 | 0.3% |
| • | Heterosexual/Straight | 3581 | 75.6% |
| • | Prefer not to answer | 190 | 4% |
| • | Unknown | 894 | 18.9% |

7. Gender Reassignment

| • | No | 4608 | 97.3% |
|---|----------------------|------|-------|
| • | Yes | 44 | 0.9% |
| • | Prefer not to answer | 83 | 1.7% |
| • | Unknown | 0 | 0% |

8. Married/Civil Partnership

| • | Civil Partnership | 8 | 0.2% |
|---|----------------------|------|-------|
| • | Married | 2740 | 57.9% |
| • | Not Married | 1516 | 32% |
| • | Prefer not to answer | 94 | 2% |
| • | Unknown | 377 | 8% |

9. Pregnancy/Maternity

• 54% of women reaching end of Maternity Leave returned to work, 46% still remain on Maternity Leave.

NB * Where less than 5 employees under any category the exact numbers are not published to protect individual identity

Appendix 1a – Leavers Profile 2014-15

1. Gender Profiles (of total workforce)

| Full Time Employees Male | 101 (17%) | Female | 146 (24.6%) |
|-----------------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| Part Time Employees Male | 24 (4%) | Female | 166 (28%) |
| Casual workers Male | 48 (8%) | Female | 103 (17.3%) |
| Job Share Male | 0 | Female | 5 (0.8%) |
| 2. Disability Profi | ile | | |
| No Prefer not to answer | 71.5% 2.4% | Yes Unknown | 4.9% 21.2% |

3. Ethnic Origin

| African-Other | * | |
|----------------------------|-----|-------|
| African (Scot)/UK | * | |
| Any Mixed or Multiple | * | |
| Asian-Chinese (Scot/UK) | * | |
| Asian-Indian (Scot/UK | * | |
| Other | 5 | 0.8% |
| Other-Arab (Scot/UK) | * | |
| Prefer not to answer | 10 | 1.7% |
| Unknown | 119 | 20% |
| White – East European | 5 | 0.8% |
| White – Irish | 6 | 1% |
| White – Other British | 62 | 10.5% |
| White – Other Ethnic Group | 7 | 1.2% |
| White – Scottish | 373 | 62.9% |

NB * Where less than 5 employees under any category the exact numbers are not published to protect individual identity

4. Religion, Faith or Belief Profile

| Church of Scotland | 170 | 28.7% |
|--------------------------|-----|-------|
| None | 179 | 30.2% |
| Other Christian | 44 | 7.4% |
| Other Religion or Belief | 7 | 1.2% |
| Prefer not to answer | 35 | 5.9% |
| Roman Catholic | 33 | 5.6% |
| Unknown | 120 | 20.2% |
| Sikh | * | |
| Buddhist | * | |

NB * Where less than 5 employees under any category the exact numbers are not published to protect individual identity

5. Age Profile

| • | 16 – 25 | 114 | 19.2% |
|---|---------|-----|-------|
| • | 26 - 35 | 124 | 21% |
| • | 36 - 45 | 101 | 17% |
| • | 46 – 55 | 101 | 17% |
| • | 56 – 65 | 135 | 22.8% |
| • | > 65 | 18 | 3% |

6. Sexual Orientation

| • | Bisexual | 0 | |
|---|-----------------------|-----|-------|
| • | Gay | * | 0.3% |
| • | Lesbian | * | 0.1% |
| • | Heterosexual/Straight | 436 | 73.5% |
| • | Prefer not to answer | 28 | 4.7% |
| • | Unknown | 126 | 21.2% |
| | | | |

7. Gender Reassignment

| • | No | 458 | 77.2% |
|---|----------------------|-----|-------|
| • | Yes | 2 | 0.3% |
| • | Prefer not to answer | 11 | 1.8% |
| • | Unknown | 122 | 20.6% |

8. Married/Civil Partnership

| • | Civil Partnership | * | |
|---|----------------------|-----|-------|
| • | Married | 258 | 43.5% |
| • | Not Married | 264 | 44.5% |
| • | Prefer not to answer | 10 | 1.7% |
| • | Unknown | 59 | 10% |

NB * Where less than 5 employees under any category the exact numbers are not published to protect individual identity

- 9. Pregnancy/Maternity
- 7 women reaching end of Maternity Leave left the Council.

8.0 Section 7: Get Involved & Keep in Touch

You can get involved in supporting East Lothian's work on equalities in a number of ways.

- Contact our Equality Champions
- Come along to a Diversity Network event
- Respond to consultations via the Consultation Hub
- Get involved in your local community group or forum
- Read the East Lothian Diversity Newsletter

You can find out more information about equalities work in East Lothian by visiting our webpage

http://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/info/751/equality diversity and citizenship/835/equality a nd diversity

You can also find out more about Diversity Network via the Facebook page.

9.0 Contact us

You can get in touch with us by:

• Email: equalities@eastlothian.gov.uk

Phone: 01620 827134

Write to: Equalities Officer

East Lothian Council John Muir House Haddington EH41 2HA

• Facebook: Search for East Lothian Diversity Network

This document in available in different formats and in different languages. If you would like a copy in another language or format, please email equalities@eastlothian.gov.uk or phone 01620 827134