

Members' Library Service Request Form

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Document Title	East Lothian Council – Public Sector Climate Change Reporting
	2018/19

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Additional information:

Authorised By	Douglas Proudfoot
Designation	Head of Development
Date	13/12/2019

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REPORT TO: Members' Library Service

MEETING DATE: December 2019

BY: Head of Service (Development)

SUBJECT: East Lothian Council – Public Sector Climate

Change Reporting 2018/19

1 PURPOSE

1.1 To advise members of the progress made by the Council towards meeting its climate change obligations during 2018/19, through statutory Public Sector Climate Change Reporting.

2 RECOMMENDATIONS

2.1 Members are asked to note the Council's progress in respect of climate change and in particular the significant reduction in the Council's carbon footprint of 12.8% from the previous year and 27.7% since we started reporting in 2014/15. The Council's Climate Change Report is set out in Appendix 1.

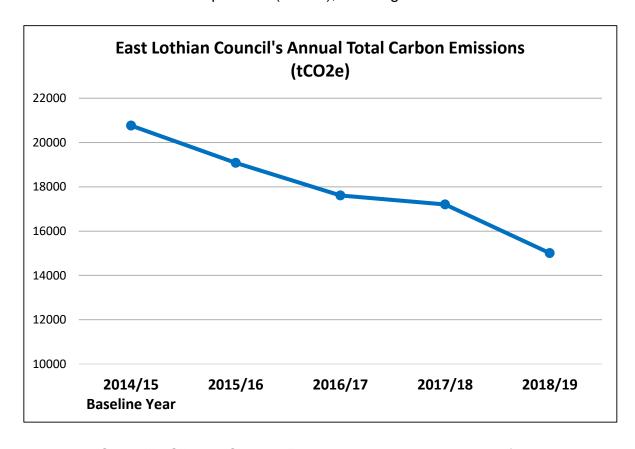
3 BACKGROUND

- 3.1 The Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009 helped to establish Scotland as a world leader in tackling climate change. It introduced ambitious targets and legislation to reduce Scotland's emissions by at least 80% by 2050. Since then, sustained progress has been made against targets set out in the Act, with the independent Committee on Climate Change producing a national annual report on emissions reductions. National reports can be accessed at https://www.theccc.org.uk/publications/
- 3.2 The Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009 places specific duties on public bodies across Scotland with respect to climate change. Section 44 of the Act requires public bodies to contribute to carbon emissions reduction targets; contribute to climate change adaptation; and to act sustainably. The Act also allows Ministers by Order, to require reports on compliance with climate change duties. Following public consultation and parliamentary scrutiny, a Statutory Order under Section 46 of the Act came into force on 23 November 2015, requiring public bodies to report annually on compliance with climate change duties. The Order sets out

- reporting requirements, a list of major public sector players involved and a standard climate change reporting form.
- 3.3 Major players listed in the Order are required to submit progress reports to the Scottish Government by 30 November each year, for the previous financial reporting year. The Sustainable Scotland Network (SSN) has been commissioned to act as the focal point for public bodies' reports to be submitted, analysed and published. All previous public bodies' reports, including those submitted by East Lothian Council, are published on SSN's website at: https://sustainablescotlandnetwork.org/reports
- 3.4 The Public Bodies Climate Change Duties Reporting mechanism provides a solid basis for tracking public sector action on climate change and driving continuous improvement. It introduces a standard methodology to improve data consistency. Reports and analysis are publicly available, increasing accountability and transparency and making it easier to understand an organisation's climate performance. Climate Change Reporting is intended to help public bodies to:
 - Identify operational inefficiencies
 - Increase transparency
 - Improve sustainability reporting
 - Improve leadership and engagement
 - Integrate objectives in corporate business plans
 - Embed action across all departments
 - Improve decision making and strategic planning
 - Identify opportunities for financial efficiencies and cost savings
- 3.5 Scottish Ministers expect public bodies to lead by example in combatting climate change and make a valuable contribution towards achieving the ambitious emission reduction target of 80% by 2050. The Council is a provider of services, a major employer and a procurer of goods and services across the county. The Report provides useful insight into how the Council is responding to the challenge of climate change, including how the Council is contributing to carbon emissions reduction; climate change adaptation; procurement policies and activity. The report also provides information on the governance and management arrangements in place.
- 3.6 East Lothian Council's Climate Change Report for 2018/19 shows a significant reduction in the Council's carbon footprint of 12.8% to 15,007 tCO2e (tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent) from 17,204 tCO2e in 2017/18. Not only is this a considerable reduction in corporate emissions but it is especially significant as the total includes emissions from the Council's vehicle fleet for the first time, due to the implementation in 2018/19 of a new system to record fleet emissions.
- 3.7 Figure 1 illustrates the Council's annual total carbon footprint reducing since reporting commenced in 2014/15. The figure of 15,007 tCO2e in 2018/19 compares with 17,204 tCO2e in 2017/18, 17,610 in 2016/17,

19,086 in 2015/16 and 20,763 tCO2e in 2014/15. This is a 27.7% reduction since our baseline year. It is evident that the Council is making good progress in respect of emissions reduction, year on year, despite significant population growth.

Figure 1: East Lothian Council's annual total carbon emissions, expressed in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent (tCO2e), showing emissions reduction:



The Council's Climate Change Report includes a breakdown of the Council's carbon footprint for 2018/19, which includes:

•	Refuse commercial and industrial to landfill	3,395 tonnes
•	Organic garden waste composting	8,817 tonnes
•	Mixed recycling	18,675 tonnes
•	Refuse municipal / commercial / industrial to co	ombustion 139 tonnes
•	Grid electricity	20,653,381 kWh
•	Natural gas	29,643,195 kWh
•	LPG	79,827 litres
•	Gas oil	114,649 litres
•	Burning oil (kerosene)	14,101 litres
•	Water supply and treatment	128,056 m ³
•	Average car – unknown fuel	1,189,688 miles
•	Bus (Fleet)	298,011 passenger km
		/EL() 04 747

- Car diesel (average unknown engine size)(Fleet) 84,717 miles
- HGV –average all types & sizes (diesel; 50% laden)(Fleet) 398,002 miles
- Van average (up to 3.5 tonnes) diesel (Fleet) 1,785,099 miles

4 POLICY IMPLICATIONS

- 4.1 There are no policy implications directly arising from the Council's progress report.
- 4.2 The 2018/19 Climate Change Report provides useful insight into how the Council is responding to the challenges of climate change, including its contribution to emissions reduction and climate change adaptation.
- 4.3 The Council is currently preparing a Climate Change Strategy, which will provide a strategic framework for emissions reduction and climate change adaptation across the county.

5 INTEGRATED IMPACT ASSESSMENT

5.1 The subject of this report has been through the Integrated Impact Assessment process and no negative impacts have been identified.

6 RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS

- 6.1 Financial none.
- 6.2 Personnel none.
- 6.3 Other none.

7 BACKGROUND PAPERS

7.1 None.

Appendix 1: The East Lothian Council Public Sector Climate Change Duties Report 2018/19.

AUTHOR'S NAME	Douglas Proudfoot
DESIGNATION	Head of Service (Development)
CONTACT INFO	Jennifer Lothian, Sustainable Energy & Climate Change Officer, tel. ext. 7194, email <u>ilothian1@eastlothian.gov.uk</u>
DATE	13 December 2019

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Recommended Reporting: Reporting on Wider Influence

RECOMMENDED – WIDER INFLUENCE
OTHER NOTABLE REPORTABLE ACTIVITY

PART 1: PROFILE OF REPORTING BODY

1(a) Name of reporting body	
East Lothian Council	
1(b) Type of body	
Local Government	
1(c) Highest number of full-timestaff in the body during the re	•
	3595

1(d) Metrics used by the body				
Specify the metrics that the body uses to assess its performance in relation to climate change and sustainability.				
Metric Unit		Value Comments		
Population size served	population		Source: NRS population estimates, mid 2018. This figure is an increase of 0.9% from the previous year. This is the among the second highest % increase nationally, with 0.2% increase nationally.	

1(e) Overall budget of the body			
Specify approximate £/annum for the report year.			
Budget	Budget Comments		
388743000			

1(f) Report year	
Specify the report year.	
Report Year	Report Year Comments
Financial (April to March)	

1(g) Context

Provide a summary of the body's nature and functions that are relevant to climate change reporting.

In accordance with other Scottish Local Authorities, East Lothian Council is responsible for the provision of a range of local services, including: mandatory powers (e.g. providing schools for 5-16 year olds and social work services); permissive powers (e.g. economic development and recreation services); and regulatory powers (e.g. trading standards, environmental health and licensing).

East Lothian Council has a role to play in reducing emissions from the Council's estate and a range of other areas including buildings, transport, land use and waste; driving and influencing emissions reduction across the county and managing risk / increasing resilience to a changing climate.

PART 2: GOVERNANCE, MANAGEMENT AND STRATEGY

2(a) How is climate change governed in the body?

Provide a summary of the roles performed by the body's governance bodies and members in relation to climate change. If any of the body's activities in relation to climate change sit outside its own governance arrangements (in relation to, for example, land use, adaptation, transport, business travel, waste, information and communication technology, procurement or behaviour change), identify these activities and the governance arrangements.

The East Lothian Climate Change Planning and Monitoring Group (CCPMG) plays a critical role in driving and co-ordinating the work of East Lothian Council to meet key objectives under the Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009 and ensuring compliance with the Public Bodies Climate Change Duties. All relevant Council Services are represented on the CCPMG.

A key area of responsibility is overseeing the development, implementation and monitoring of the Council's Climate Change Strategy, currently being developed by East Lothian Council, which will set out a coordinated approach and action plan for tackling climate change in East Lothian.

The Climate Change Planning and Monitoring Group will function as a key focus for climate change actions in the East Lothian Plan (Single Outcome Agreement) 2017-27 and East Lothian Council Plan 2017-22. The East Lothian Plan includes Outcome 2.2 'East Lothian people can live affordably and contribute to a thriving community life in a high quality environment'.

The East Lothian Council Plan 2017-22 states;

'The Council will focus on how best we can contribute to the Scottish Government's ambitious climate change targets. Over the course of this plan, the Council will develop a Sustainable Energy and Climate Action Plan, which will give strategic direction to continuous improvement in relation to energy efficiency, climate adaption and sustainable transport. We cannot meet these targets alone and will work with our community planning partners and the private sector to implement low carbon plans and projects across housing, communities and the public and private sector'.

The Plan sets out an action under the theme of 'Growing our Communities' to; 'Work closely with partners to meet our commitment to Climate Change targets, embedding sustainability principles into decision making and translating them into tangible actions, protecting and enhancing open spaces and habitats'.

All performance indicators relating to the East Lothian Plan and East Lothian Council Plan will be governed through the Climate Change Planning and Monitoring Group. Performance will be reviewed at meetings and reported to Elected Members via the Members' Library Service on an annual basis.

Any issues requiring political approval or involving policy change are considered by Elected Members at Council or Cabinet meetings as appropriate.

At the Council meeting in August 2019, East Lothian Council resolved to declare a Climate Emergency.

The governance structure is set out in the attachment.

2(b) How is climate change action managed and embedded by the body?

Provide a summary of how decision-making in relation to climate change action by the body is managed and how responsibility is allocated to the body's senior staff, departmental heads etc. If any such decision-making sits outside the body's own governance arrangements (in relation to, for example, land use, adaptation, transport, business travel, waste, information and communication technology, procurement or behaviour change), identify how this is managed and how responsibility is allocated outside the body (JPEG, PNG, PDF, DOC)

East Lothian Council consists of the following key service areas: Council Resources; Education; Development; Infrastructure; Communities and Partnerships and the East Lothian Health and Social Care Partnership (which includes Children and Adult Services) in partnership with NHS Lothian. Under each Head of Service there are a number of Service Managers. Within Development, the Service Manager for Engineering Services and Building Standards is responsible for energy, water consumption and maintenance projects; the Strategic Asset and Capital Management Plan Manager's remit includes capital projects and estates; and the Economic Development and Strategic Investment Team contains a Sustainable Energy and Climate Change Officer (SECCO) post. The SECCO is responsible for co-ordinating the Council's work on climate change (both mitigation and adaptation). Within Infrastructure, the remit of the Service Manager for Roads includes street lighting, electric vehicle infrastructure and staff travel, and the remit of the Service Manager for Transport and Waste includes the Council's vehicle fleet and Waste Services (waste and recycling). Within Council Resources, the Legal and Procurement team is currently preparing a Sustainable Procurement Policy, with input from the SECCO, which will link closely with the Climate Change Strategy. Within Communities and Partnerships, the Connected Communities team includes Area Partnership managers, who work in partnership with local communities to progress actions in the local Area Plans, including actions to tackle climate change and reduce emissions.

An East Lothian Council Climate Change Strategy is currently being finalised. This will set out a coordinated approach and action plan for tackling climate change in East Lothian, and will be published early in 2020. The Strategy will link to the East Lothian Plan (Single Outcome Agreement) 2017-27 and East Lothian Council Plan 2017-22, as well as a range of other Council strategies, policies and plans. Linkages across these key documents will enable agreement both corporately and across the wider Community Planning Partnership, which will enable the Council to better manage and embed actions on climate change, being accountable for progress towards agreed outcomes.

The Climate Change Planning and Monitoring Group will oversee the development of the Climate Change Strategy (refer to the attachment – Role and Remit of the Climate Change Planning and Monitoring Group).

2(c) Does the body have specific climate change mitigation and adaptation objectives in its corporate plan or similar document?				
Provide a brief summary of objectives if they exist.				
Objective	Doc Name	Doc Link		
The East Lothian Plan - Outcome 2.2 'East Lothian people can live affordably and contribute to a thriving community life in a high quality environment'.	The East Lothian Plan (Single Outcome Agreement) 2017-27	https://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/info/210592/community_planning/11857/the_east_lothian_plan_2017-27/1		

The East Lothian Council Plan states - 'The Council will focus on how best we can contribute to the Scottish Government's ambitious climate change targets. Over the course of this plan, the Council will develop a Sustainable Energy and Climate Action Plan, which will give strategic direction to continuous improvement in relation to energy efficiency, climate adaption and sustainable transport. We cannot meet these targets alone and will work with our community planning partners and the private sector to implement low carbon plans and projects across housing, communities and the public and private sector'. The Plan sets out an action under the theme of 'Growing our Communities' to; 'Work closely with partners to meet our commitment to Climate Change targets, embedding sustainability principles into decision making and translating them into tangible actions, protecting and enhancing open spaces and habitats'.		https://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/info/210603/perf ormance_and_spending/12283/the_east_lothia n_council_plan_2017-2022/1
The East Lothian Local Development Plan 2018 contains four objectives with corresponding outcomes. The objectives include: "Promote sustainable development" "Protect and enhance the area's high quality environment and its special identity" "Ensure adequate infrastructure capacity and an appropriate use of resources"	East Lothian Local Development Plan 2018	https://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/downloads/download/13023/local_development_plan_2018

2(d) Does the body have a climate change plan or strategy?

If yes, provide the name of any such document and details of where a copy of the document may be obtained or accessed.

The Council is currently preparing a Climate Change Strategy. This will set out a coordinated approach and action plan for tackling climate change mitigation and adaptation in East Lothian, and will be published early in 2020, to cover the period 2020 – 2025. The strategy has been developed with input from the public during a public consultation (September – October 2018). A further consultation on the Draft East Lothian Climate Change Strategy took place from May to July 2019. 160 responses were received to the consultation, many extremely detailed.

Provide the name of any	such document and the timeframe covered.			
Topic area	Name of document	Link	Time period covered	Comments
Adaptation	As per Q2d, adaptation will be addressed via East Lothian Council's Climate Change Strategy, which is currently under preparation. A Local Climate Impacts Profile for East Lothian was prepared in 2010 for the period 2000-10. This will be updated and used to inform the adaptation element of the Climate Adaptation Strategy.			
Business travel	In October 2018, East Lothian Council formally adopted the 'East Lothian Local Transport Strategy 2018-2024' (LTS). The East Lothian 'Active Travel Improvement Plan 2018-24' is one of four documents sitting under and supporting the LTS, which was also formally adopted by the Council in October 2018. An action in the Active Travel Improvement Plan is for a 'Travel Plan'. The proposal for delivering this action is: "Introduce a travel plan for all ELC staff (subject to constituencies of the service) and develop a framework for other local businesses to easily adopt the principles and provide guidance to developers to encourage good travel planning practices". Delivery by: ELC, Area Partnerships, local businesses. Timescale: Short (1 – 2 years); Priority: High.	https://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/info/210566/roads_and_transport/12454/transport_policy_documents_and_reports/3	2018 – 2024	
Staff Travel	In Oct 2018, East Lothian Council formally adopted the 'East Lothian Local	https://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/info/210566/roads and transport/	2018 – 2024	

Transport Strategy 2018-2024' (LTS). The Council has now updated its Travel Plan 2017 – 2022 and will introduce this early into the lifetime of the LTS. Its overarching goal is to 'Reduce the impact of Council related travel on the local and global environment.' The Council will also explore opportunities to deliver Personalised Travel Planning (PTP) in East Lothian. The East Lothian 'Active Travel Improvement Plan (ATIP) 2018-24' is one of four documents supporting the LTS, also formally adopted by the Council in Oct 2018. An action in the ATIP is for a 'Travel Plan'. Delivery: "Introduce a travel plan for all ELC staff (subject to constituencies of the service) and develop a framework for other local businesses to easily adopt the principles and provide guidance to developers to encourage good travel planning practices". Delivery by: ELC, Area Partnerships, local businesses. Priority: High. Energy Efficiency and Fuel Poverty: The East Lothian Local Housing Strategy 2018–23 sets out six Priority Outcomes, including Priority Outcome 5: "The condition, energy efficiency and where appropriate the management of existing stock is improved"; and Priority Outcome 6: "Fuel poverty is reduced and climate change targets exceeded".	https://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/downloads/download/13022/local_housing_strategy_2018-23	2018 – 2023		
East Lothian Local Housing Strategy 2018–23 sets out six Priority Outcomes, including Priority Outcome 5: "The condition, energy efficiency and where appropriate the management of existing stock is improved"; and Priority Outcome 6: "Fuel poverty is reduced and climate change targets exceeded".	ownloads/download/13022/local	2018 – 2023		
The Council is currently developing an Ultra Low Emission Vehicle (ULEV) Strategy for its Fleet vehicles, which will include climate change / emissions reduction objectives.				
The Council's Sustainable Energy and Climate Change Officer and Strategic Investment team are involved in developing a Local Heat and Energy Efficiency Strategy (LHEES). A Scottish Government Phase 2 LHEES pilot project was undertaken in 2018/19, focusing on East Lothian's Private Rented Housing Sector.				
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In order to meet the new waste recycling target and Waste (Scotland) Regulations 2012, the Council adopted an ambitious Waste Strategy in 2014. Every household was provided with access to the following services; weekly food waste, fortnightly glass, cans, plastics, paper and cardboard recycling, fortnightly garden waste collections and fortnightly residual/non-recyclable waste collection. It also meant that a dedicated trade waste collection service including recycling was rolled out to our 1500 customers.				
	Ultra Low Emission Vehicle (ULEV) Strategy for its Fleet vehicles, which will include climate change / emissions reduction objectives. The Council's Sustainable Energy and Climate Change Officer and Strategic Investment team are involved in developing a Local Heat and Energy Efficiency Strategy (LHEES). A Scottish Government Phase 2 LHEES pilot project was undertaken in 2018/19, focusing on East Lothian's Private Rented Housing Sector. The Council's Sustainable Energy and Climate Change Officer and Strategic Investment team are involved in developing a Local Heat and Energy Efficiency Strategy (LHEES). A Scottish Government Phase 2 LHEES pilot project was undertaken in 2018/19, focusing on East Lothian's Private Rented Housing Sector. In order to meet the new waste recycling target and Waste (Scotland) Regulations 2012, the Council adopted an ambitious Waste Strategy in 2014. 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Land Use	The East Lothian Local Development Plan 2018 contains four objectives including "Promote sustainable development", "Protect and enhance the area's high quality environment and its special identity", and "Ensure adequate infrastructure capacity and an appropriate use of resources".	https://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/downloads/download/13023/local_development_plan_2018	Adopted October 2018	
Other (state topic area covered in comments)	The East Lothian Council Severe Weather Response Plan sets out the procedures to be followed in response to severe weather events, actual flooding incidents, any anticipated river flooding and coastal flooding occurrences. It supplements the Council's Corporate Emergency Plan, relevant Police Scotland Emergency Plans and other partner agencies plans.	https://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/downloads/file/23701/severe_weather_plan_2019-20		Severe Weather Response Plan

2(f) What are the body's top 5 priorities for climate change governance, management and strategy for the year ahead?

Provide a brief summary of the body's areas and activities of focus for the year ahead.

- 1. Publish and implement East Lothian Council's Climate Change Strategy and action plan
- 2. Continue to roll out a publicity and awareness raising campaign, working in partnership with local and national organisations
- 3. Implement an East Lothian Council Corporate Sustainable Procurement Policy
- 4. Continue activity to embed climate change and sustainability into a wide range of corporate plans and strategies and increase buy-in from senior management across all of the Council's functions
- 5. Develop an internal environmental management programme within East Lothian Council

2(g) Has the body used the Climate Change Assessment Tool(a) or equivalent tool to self-assess its capability / performance?

If yes, please provide details of the key findings and resultant action taken.

No

2(h) Supporting information and best practice

Provide any other relevant supporting information and any examples of best practice by the body in relation to governance, management and strategy.

- 1) In January 2016 the Council launched a new integrated assessment to examine the impact of our decisions in relation to equality, poverty, the economy and the environment. The integrated assessment enables the Council to promote equality, human rights and sustainability, whereas previously the assessment was limited to an Equality Impact Assessment. Completed assessments made available to the public assist the Council in meeting its legal requirements to:
- Undertake an Impact Assessment on equality, human rights including the rights of children and young people, the environment and climate change
- Consider sustainability as part of the decision making process
- Identify whether a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) is required

Specifically the assessment covers pollution (air, water, noise, soil); public safety (waste generation, infection control, accidental injury) and physical environment (housing quality, public and green space).

2) Public engagement and involvement has formed a key aspect of the development of East Lothian Council's Climate Change Strategy. An initial public consultation to inform the development of the strategy was undertaken during September – October 2018. This included a series of 6 public drop-in events around the county. A total of 166 people took part in the consultation to inform the development of the Climate Change Strategy: 105 people came along to the drop-in events, 52 took part in the online consultation, and 9 people emailed additional comments / feedback.

A further public consultation on the Draft East Lothian Climate Change Strategy took place for 8 weeks from May to July 2019. 160 responses were received to the consultation, many extremely detailed. Although this consultation has now ended, the documents can be viewed on East Lothian Council's Consultation Hub at: https://eastlothianconsultations.co.uk/policy-partnerships/climate-change-strategy/

- 3) In addition, we undertook a climate change survey for children and young people during 2019, which, in addition to being on our Consultation Hub, was also circulated widely and included on the Young Scot website. We asked young people: "Helping to tackle Climate Change: What should we do here in East Lothian?". The survey received over 100 responses from children and young people. The young people's views will also help to inform our Climate Change Strategy.
- 4) On 27th August 2019, East Lothian Council's Elected Members unanimously agreed to declare a Climate Emergency. The Council resolved to take urgent action to make all our Council Services net Zero Carbon as soon as reasonably practicable or in any case by 2045 and to lobby, support and work with all relevant agencies, partners and communities to fulfil this commitment. East Lothian Council will also work with our communities and partners towards making East Lothian a carbon neutral county as well as enabling the county to deliver its part of wider national and international commitments. The Council's Climate Emergency Declaration can be viewed here: https://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/news/article/13064/climate_emergency_declared

PART 3: EMISSIONS, TARGETS AND PROJECTS

3a Emissions from start of the year which the body uses as a baseline (for its carbon footprint) to the end of the report year

Complete the following table using the greenhouse gas emissions total for the body calculated on the same basis as for its annual carbon footprint /management reporting or, where applicable, its sustainability reporting. Include greenhouse gas emissions from the body's estate and operations (a) (measured and reported in accordance with Scopes 1 & 2 and, to the extent applicable, selected Scope 3 of the Greenhouse Gas Protocol (b)). If data is not available for any year from the start of the year which is used as a baseline to the end of the report year, provide an explanation in the comments column.

(a) No information is required on the effect of the body on emissions which are not from its estate and operations.

Reference Year	Year	Scope1	Scope2	Scope3	Total	Units	Comments
Baseline carbon footprint	2014/15	7211	10519	3033	20763	tCO2e	
Year 1 carbon footprint	2015/16	5738	10076	3272	19086	tCO2e	
Year 2 carbon footprint	2016/17	5682	8740	3188	17610	tCO2e	
Year 3 carbon footprint	2017/18	6212	7336	3656	17204	tCO2e	
Year 4 carbon footprint	2018/19	7230	5846	1931	15007	tCO2e	

3b Breakdown of emission sources

Complete the following table with the breakdown of emission sources from the body's most recent carbon footprint (greenhouse gas inventory); this should correspond to the last entry in the table in 3(a) above. Use the 'Comments' column to explain what is included within each category of emission source entered in the first column. If, for any such category of emission source, it is not possible to provide a simple emission factor(a) leave the field for the emission factor blank and provide the total emissions for that category of emission source in the 'Emissions' column.

Total	Comments – reason for difference between Q3a & 3b.	Emission source	Scope	Consumption data	Units	Emission factor	Units	Emissions (tCO2e)	Comments
15008.2	2	Refuse Commercial & Definition of the Refuse Commercial & Definition & Definiti	Scope 3	3394.50	tonnes	99.7729	kg CO2e/tonne	338.7	
		Refuse Municipal /Commercial /Industrial to Combustion	Scope 3	139.36	tonnes	21.3842	kg CO2e/tonne	3.0	
		Mixed recycling	Scope 3	18675	tonnes	21.3842	kg CO2e/tonne	399.4	
		Organic Garden Waste Composting	Scope 3	8817.3	tonnes	10.2586	kg CO2e/tonne	90.5	
		Organic Food & Drink AD	Scope 3	2878.2	tonnes	21.3842	kg CO2e/tonne	61.6	
		Grid Electricity (generation)	Scope 2	20653381	kWh	0.28307	kg CO2e/kWh	5846.4	

Carid Electricity (transmission & Coope 3 20653381 kWh 0.02413 kg CO2e/kWh 498.4								
LPG Scope 1 79827 litres 1.51906 kg CO2e/litre 121.3 Gas Oil Scope 1 114649 litres 2.97049 kg CO2e/litre 340.6 Burning Oil (Kerosene) Scope 1 14101 litres 2.53627 kg CO2e/litre 35.8 Water - Supply Scope 3 128056 m3 0.344 kg CO2e/m3 44.1 Water - Treatment Scope 3 128056 m3 0.708 kg CO2e/m3 90.7 Average Car - Unknown Fuel Scope 3 1189688 miles 0.29072 kg CO2e/mile 345.9 Bus (local bus, not London) Scope 3 298011 passenger km 0.12007 kg CO2e/passenger scope 1 35.8 Car - diesel (average - unknown engine size) Scope 3 84717 miles 0.28572 kg CO2e/mile 24.2 HGV - average all types 8 Scope 1 398002 miles 1.3602175 kg CO2e/mile 541.4 HGV - average (up to 3.5 Scope 1 1785099 miles 0.41328 kg CO2e/mile 737.8		Scope 3	20653381	kWh	0.02413	kg CO2e/kWh	498.4	
Gas Oil Scope 1 114649 litres 2.97049 kg CO2e/litre 340.6 Burning Oil (Kerosene) Scope 1 14101 litres 2.53627 kg CO2e/litre 35.8 Water - Supply Scope 3 128056 m3 0.344 kg CO2e/m3 44.1 Water - Treatment Scope 3 128056 m3 0.708 kg CO2e/m3 90.7 Average Car - Unknown Fuel Scope 3 1189688 miles 0.29072 kg CO2e/mile 345.9 Bus (local bus, not London) Scope 3 298011 passenger km 0.12007 kg CO2e/passenger km 0.12007 kg CO2e/passenger km 0.12007 kg CO2e/mile 345.9 Car - diesel (average - Scope 3 84717 miles 0.28572 kg CO2e/mile 24.2 unknown engine size) Scope 1 398002 miles 1.3602175 kg CO2e/mile 541.4 HGV - average all types Scope 1 398002 miles 1.3602175 kg CO2e/mile 541.4 Van - Average (up to 3.5 Scope 1 1785099 miles 0.41328 kg CO2e/mile 737.8	Natural Gas	Scope 1	29643195	kWh	0.18396	kg CO2e/kWh	5453.2	
Burning Oil (Kerosene) Scope 1 14101 litres 2.53627 kg CO2e/litre 35.8 Water - Supply Scope 3 128056 m3 0.344 kg CO2e/m3 44.1 Water - Treatment Scope 3 128056 m3 0.708 kg CO2e/m3 90.7 Average Car - Unknown Fuel Scope 3 1189688 miles 0.29072 kg CO2e/mile 345.9 Bus (local bus, not London) Scope 3 298011 passenger km 0.12007 kg CO2e/passenger km km 35.8 Car - diesel (average - unknown engine size) Scope 3 84717 miles 0.28572 kg CO2e/mile 24.2 HGV - average all types 8 Amp; sizes (diesel, 50% laden) Van - Average (up to 3.5 Scope 1 1785099 miles 0.41328 kg CO2e/mile 737.8	LPG	Scope 1	79827	litres	1.51906	kg CO2e/litre	121.3	
Water - Supply Scope 3 128056 m3 0.344 kg CO2e/m3 44.1 Water - Treatment Scope 3 128056 m3 0.708 kg CO2e/m3 90.7 Average Car - Unknown Fuel Scope 3 1189688 miles 0.29072 kg CO2e/mile 345.9 Bus (local bus, not London) Scope 3 298011 passenger km 0.12007 kg CO2e/passenger km 35.8 km Car - diesel (average - unknown engine size) Scope 3 84717 miles 0.28572 kg CO2e/mile 24.2 unknown engine size) HGV - average all types 8amp, sizes (diesel, 50% laden) Scope 1 398002 miles 1.3602175 kg CO2e/mile 541.4 as amp, sizes (diesel, 50% laden) Van - Average (up to 3.5 Scope 1 1785099 miles 0.41328 kg CO2e/mile 737.8	Gas Oil	Scope 1	114649	litres	2.97049	kg CO2e/litre	340.6	
Water - Treatment Scope 3 128056 m3 0.708 kg CO2e/m3 90.7 Average Car - Unknown Fuel Scope 3 1189688 miles 0.29072 kg CO2e/mile 345.9 Bus (local bus, not London) Scope 3 298011 passenger km 0.12007 kg CO2e/passenger km 35.8 km Car - diesel (average - unknown engine size) Scope 3 84717 miles 0.28572 kg CO2e/mile 24.2 HGV - average all types & amp; sizes (diesel, 50% laden) Scope 1 398002 miles 1.3602175 kg CO2e/mile 541.4 Van - Average (up to 3.5 Scope 1 1785099 miles 0.41328 kg CO2e/mile 737.8	Burning Oil (Kerosene)	Scope 1	14101	litres	2.53627	kg CO2e/litre	35.8	
Average Car - Unknown Fuel Scope 3 1189688 miles 0.29072 kg CO2e/mile 345.9 Bus (local bus, not London) Scope 3 298011 passenger km 0.12007 kg CO2e/passenger km Car - diesel (average - unknown engine size) Scope 3 84717 miles 0.28572 kg CO2e/mile 24.2 HGV - average all types & Scope 1 398002 miles 1.3602175 kg CO2e/mile 541.4 Van - Average (up to 3.5 Scope 1 1785099 miles 0.41328 kg CO2e/mile 737.8	Water - Supply	Scope 3	128056	m3	0.344	kg CO2e/m3	44.1	
Bus (local bus, not London)	Water - Treatment	Scope 3	128056	m3	0.708	kg CO2e/m3	90.7	
Car - diesel (average - unknown engine size) Scope 3 84717 miles 0.28572 kg CO2e/mile 24.2 HGV - average all types & Scope 1 398002 miles 1.3602175 kg CO2e/mile 541.4 & Scope 1 398002 miles 488 Scope 1 541.4 Van - Average (up to 3.5 Scope 1 1785099 miles 0.41328 kg CO2e/mile 737.8	Average Car - Unknown Fuel	Scope 3	1189688	miles	0.29072	kg CO2e/mile	345.9	
unknown engine size) 398002 miles 1.3602175 kg CO2e/mile 541.4 HGV - average all types & amp; sizes (diesel, 50% laden) Scope 1 398002 miles 1.3602175 kg CO2e/mile 541.4 Van - Average (up to 3.5 Scope 1 1785099 miles 0.41328 kg CO2e/mile 737.8	Bus (local bus, not London)	Scope 3	298011	passenger km	0.12007		35.8	
& sizes (diesel, 50% laden) 488 Van - Average (up to 3.5 Scope 1 1785099 miles 0.41328 kg CO2e/mile 737.8		Scope 3	84717	miles	0.28572	kg CO2e/mile	24.2	
	& sizes (diesel, 50%	Scope 1	398002	miles			541.4	
	Van - Average (up to 3.5	Scope 1	1785099	miles	0.41328	kg CO2e/mile	737.8	

3c Generation, consumption and export of renewable energy

Provide a summary of the body's annual renewable generation (if any), and whether it is used or exported by the body.

	Renewable Ele	ectricity	Renewable He	eat	
Technology	Total consumed by the organisation (kWh)	Total exported (kWh)	Total consumed by the organisation (kWh)	Total exported (kWh)	Comments
Solar PV	263818	21743			

3d Targets

List all of the body's targets of relevance to its climate change duties. Where applicable, overall carbon targets and any separate land use, energy efficiency, waste, water, information and communication technology, transport, travel and heat targets should be included.

Name of Target	Type of Target	Target	Units	Boundary/scope of Target	_	Year used as baseline	Baseline figure	Target completion year	Comments

all projects implemented by the body in the report year			
Total	Emissions Source	Total estimated annual carbon savings (tCO2e)	Comments
95.92	Electricity	85	
	Natural gas		
	Other heating fuels		
	Waste	10.92	ERF commissioned October 2018 diverting 139.36 tonnes of East Lothian Council's waste from landfill between October and December 2018 - short term framework Contract
	Water and sewerage		
	Business Travel		
	Fleet transport		
	Other (specify in comments)		

Provide details of the 10	projects which a	are estimat	ted to achiev	ve the hig	hest carbon s	avings du	uring report year.				
Project name	Funding source	full year of CO2e	Are these savings figures estimated or actual?	cost (£)		lifetime	Primary fuel/emission source saved	per year	Estimated costs savings (£/annum)	Behaviour Change	Comments
Wellwynd LED Replacement		2020/21	Estimated			15	Grid Electricity	6.2			
Penston House LED Replacement		2020/21	Estimated			15	Grid Electricity	16.9			
Nursery LED replacements at various sites		2020/21	Estimated			15	Grid Electricity	4.5			

Loretto PS - Phase 2 rewire	2020/21	Estimated		15 Grid Electricity	1.8			
Prestonpans Infants - LED replacement in dining hall	2020/21	Estimated		15 Grid Electricity	1.5			
Provision of a Contract for the recovery, treatment and final disposal of mixed municipal waste	2020/21	Estimated	385000	Refuse Commercial & Defense Co	250			

3g Estimated decrease or increase in the body's emissions attributed to factors (not reported elsewhere in this form) in the report year				
If the emissions increased or decreased due to any such factor in the report year, provide an estimate of the amount and direction.				
Total	Emissions source	Total estimated annual emissions (tCO2e)	Increase or decrease in emissions	Comments
57.00	Estate changes	57	Increase	A new Primary School opened in Wallyford. 57 Tonnes is increased emissions compared to the smaller school it replaced
	Service provision			
	Staff numbers			
	Other (specify in comments)			

3h Anticipated annual carbon savings from all projects implemented by the body in the year ahead			
Total	Source	Saving	Comments
400.00	Electricity	109	The implementation of the identified projects is subject to financial commitment to proceed
	Natural gas	41	The implementation of the identified projects is subject to financial commitment to proceed
	Other heating fuels		
	Waste	250	Procured long term Contract for ERF to commence November 2019 in preperation for the Landfill ban in 2024 the majority of East Lothian Council's MMW will be diverted from landfill from this date
	Water and sewerage		

			Business Trave	el			
			Fleet transport				
			Other (specify	in comments)			
the body's emis	crease or increase in sions attributed to orted elsewhere in this a head						
decrease due to	are likely to increase or any such factor in the vide an estimate of the ction.						
Total		Emissio	ons source	Total estimated annual emissio (tCO2e)		Increase or decrease in emissions	Comments
	481.00	Estate c	hanges		331	Increase	New community centre in Whitecraig New Primary school in Haddington Various School extensions
		Service	provision		150	Increase	1140 nursery provision. (Estimated)
		Staff nur	mbers				
		Other (s)					
3j Total carbon year which the l	reduction project saving body uses as a baseline	gs since t	he start of the				
	ata available, estimate the cts since the start of that y						
Total	Comments						
3k Supporting in	nformation and best pra	ctice					
Provide any other	er relevant supporting info	rmation a	nd any example	es of best practice	e by th	ne body in relation	n to its emissions, targets and projects.

PART 4: ADAPTATION

4(a) Has the body assessed current and future climate-related risks?

f yes, provide a reference or link to any such risk assessment(s).

Climate Change is incorporated as a strategic risk in the Council's Corporate Risk Register in terms of failing to meet the Public Bodies Climate Change Duties as follows: 'There is a risk that the Council may fail to meet its public bodies duties under the Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009 to reduce its carbon emissions, adapt to climate change and endeavour to act sustainably. Failure to mainstream and embed action to address climate change issues may harm the Council's reputation (in terms of corporate social responsibility) and increase the potential for unbudgeted costs and financial penalties.'

The Council's Climate Change Strategy will include an assessment of East Lothian's climate impacts and risks.

The Council has a Severe Weather Response Plan in place, which details the procedures to be followed in response to severe weather events, actual flooding incidents, any anticipated river flooding and coastal flooding occurrences. It is supplemental to the East Lothian Council Corporate Emergency plan, relevant Police Scotland Emergency plans and other partner agencies' plans:

https://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/downloads/file/23701/severe_weather_plan_2019-20

4(b) What arrangements does the body have in place to manage climate-related risks?

Provide details of any climate change adaptation strategies, action plans and risk management procedures, and any climate change adaptation policies which apply across the body.

The Council has a Corporate Risk Register in place which includes climate related risks (see Q4a above). The Sustainable Energy and Climate Change Officer attends the Council's Corporate Risk Management Group meetings.

The Council's Climate Change Strategy will include addressing Climate Change Adaptation, including an assessment of East Lothian's climate impacts and risks, and will include specific actions to address Climate Adaptation in the action plan.

The Council has been engaged with a Resilient Communities initiative since 2014, which highlights to communities what they can do for themselves whilst working with the Council at times when unexpected events occur impacting on their daily lives.

'Resilient Communities' workshop events have been held for the last 3 years, most recently in October 2019 in Musselburgh, East Lothian. The purpose of the workshops is to discuss best practice, share information and highlight / promote Resilient Communities. The workshops were hosted by East Lothian Council and involved local community representatives, responder agency personnel, representatives from the voluntary sector and East Lothian Council staff. The Sustainable Energy and Climate Change Officer gave a presentation on 'Climate Ready Communities: Adapting to Climate Change Impacts in East Lothian' at the Resilient Communities event in October 2019.

The Council has a Severe Weather Response Plan in place, which details the procedures to be followed in response to severe weather events, actual flooding incidents, any anticipated river flooding and coastal flooding occurrences. It is supplemental to the East Lothian Council Corporate Emergency plan, relevant Police Scotland Emergency plans and other partner agencies' plans:

https://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/downloads/file/23701/severe_weather_plan_2019-20

4(c) What action has the body taken to adapt to climate change?

nclude details of work to increase awareness of the need to adapt to climate change and build the capacity of staff and stakeholders to assess risk and implement action.

The Council is currently preparing a Climate Change Strategy. This will set out a coordinated approach and action plan for tackling climate change mitigation and adaptation in East Lothian, and will be published early in 2020, to cover the period 2020 – 2025. The Strategy will set out agreed actions to adapt to climate change and encourage resilient communities in East Lothian.

Public engagement and involvement has formed a key aspect of the development of East Lothian Council's Climate Change Strategy. An initial public consultation to inform the development of the strategy was undertaken during September – October 2018, to coincide with Climate Week 2018. This included an online consultation survey and a series of 6 public drop-in events around East Lothian, to enable people to provide their views and input into the Strategy. The events were widely promoted and raised awareness of climate change mitigation and adaptation in East Lothian. A total of 166 people took part in the consultation and provided a large amount of feedback and information: 105 people came along to the drop-in events, 52 took part in the online consultation, and 9 people emailed additional comments / feedback.

A further public consultation on the Draft East Lothian Climate Change Strategy took place for 8 weeks from May to July 2019. 160 responses were received to the consultation, including specific comments on Climate Change Adaptation in East Lothian.

The Council's Sustainable Energy and Climate Change Officer has given presentations to various groups and meetings, both internally within the Council and externally to key stakeholders, including presentations to the Council's Policy and Strategy Group and Senior Management Team; and a presentation on 'Climate Ready Communities: Adapting to Climate Change Impacts in East Lothian' at the Resilient Communities event in October 2019. One of the main purposes of these is to raise awareness of the need to adapt to climate change.

In August 2019, East Lothian Council resolved to declare a Climate Emergency. The motion to declare a Climate Emergency includes the following: "There is a global climate emergency. The evidence is irrefutable and the science is clear. Warnings have been issued about the damage human beings are causing to the planet and how that damage has accelerated over the past 50 years. The impacts of climate change are having a serious effect on our communities. We believe that it's not too late for us to turn things around but to do so requires transformative change and action now". The Council's Climate Emergency Declaration can be viewed here: https://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/news/article/13064/climate_emergency_declared

A Local Climate Impacts Profile was undertaken and resilience events held with stakeholders in 2014.

The Council is involved in the Adaptation Scotland Learning Exchange.

The Council has been engaged with a Resilient Communities initiative since 2014, which highlights to communities what they can do for themselves whilst working with the Council at times when unexpected events occur impacting on their daily lives.

'Resilient Communities' workshop events have been held for the last 3 years, most recently in October 2019 in Musselburgh, East Lothian. The workshops were hosted by East Lothian Council and involved local community representatives, responder agency personnel, representatives from the voluntary sector and East Lothian Council staff. The purpose of the workshops is to discuss best practice, share information and highlight/promote Resilient Communities.

The Objectives of the event were:

- Assist communities to become more resilient in the event of any emergency or other unexpected event.
- Promote and highlight Resilient Communities.
- Listen to the experiences of community groups who have previously engaged with Resilient Communities including experience, best practice and challenges.
- To provide communities with advice, information and reassurance on ways they can be better prepared for emergencies and unexpected events.
- To highlight responder agencies, including the voluntary sector, and the challenges they face.
- To gather 'lessons learned' for future planning.

The East Lothian Council Severe Weather Response Plan sets out the procedures to be followed in response to severe weather events, actual flooding incidents, any anticipated river flooding and coastal flooding occurrences. Expenditure for responding to severe weather events is included in the Council budget.

The Council's Road Asset Management Plan 2018-2024 (one of four documents which support the Council's Local Transport Strategy 2018-2024) sets out the Council's plans for the management of the Council's road assets, including structures such as road bridges and culverts, to ensure they are maintained and improved, including preparing for the effects of severe weather events such as harsh winters or flooding.

The Council is advancing the Musselburgh Flood Protection Scheme after the 2015 feasibility study which determined that Musselburgh is at risk of flooding.

4(d) Where applicable, vin delivering the policies N3, B1, B2, B3, S1, S2 at Change Adaptation Programmer.	s and propo nd S3 in the gramme(a) (esals referenced N1, N2, e Scottish Climate ("the Programme")?			
If the body is listed in the Prodelivery of one or more policing N1, N2, N3, B1,B2, B3, S1, progress made by the body the report year. If it is not resproposal under a particular oprogress made' column for the second se	cies and propositions and S3, propositions in delivering esponsible for a bijective ente	osals under the objectives rovide details of the each policy or proposal in delivering any policy or			
(a) This refers to the program before the Scottish Parliame Change (Scotland) Act 2009 most recent one is entitled " Change Adaptation Program	ent under sect (asp 12) whi Climate Read	ion 53(2) of the Climate ch currently has effect. The y Scotland: Scottish Climate			
Objective	Objective reference	Theme	Policy / Proposal reference	Delivery progress made	Comments
Understand the effects of climate change and their impacts on the natural environment.		Natural Environment	N1-9	East Lothian Council has set up a network of 'Friends Of' groups, volunteer path wardens and conservation volunteers who regularly monitor specific aspects of local wildlife, e.g. bee surveys, plant monitoring. This has developed into a constituted East Lothian Countryside Volunteers registered charity who now take a lead on these and initiate new projects.	
Support a healthy and diverse natural environment with capacity to adapt.	N2	Natural Environment	N2-2	One of the objectives in the adopted East Lothian Local Development Plan 2018 is: "Protect and enhance the area's high quality environment and its special identity". This objective includes the following outcomes: • To ensure a strategic approach to managing landscape change when accommodating new development, including delivering green network measures with new development, and by avoiding inappropriate development in locations where this is important to protect the character, setting and identity of the local area; • To ensure that the area's significant international, national and local cultural and natural heritage assets, including green network assets, are protected	

		and conserved, and where appropriate enhanced, including biodiversity, flora and fauna as well as soil, water and air quality.	
		The Council produced a Green Network Strategy, approved in February 2019, which forms Supplementary Planning Guidance under the Local Development Plan 2018.	
		The East Lothian Open Space Strategy 2018 was approved by the Council's Cabinet in October 2018.	
	N2-4	On reviewing management plans for any of the designated sites within the extensive East Lothian estate, the impact of climate change is assessed.	
	N2-7	East Lothian Council has an extensive track record on control of invasive nonnative species, e.g. giant hogweed, Himalayan balsam, Japanese knotweed, but also best practice for pirri pirri burr.	
	N2-11	One of the objectives in the adopted East Lothian Local Development Plan 2018 is: "Protect and enhance the area's high quality environment and its special identity". This objective includes the following outcomes:	
		To ensure a strategic approach to managing landscape change when accommodating new development, including delivering green network measures with new development, and by avoiding inappropriate development in locations where this is important to protect the character, setting and identity of the local area;	
		• To ensure that the area's significant international, national and local cultural and natural heritage assets, including green network assets, are protected and conserved, and where appropriate enhanced, including biodiversity, flora and fauna as well as soil, water and air quality.	
		The Council produced a Green Network Strategy, approved in February 2019, which forms Supplementary Planning Guidance under the Local Development Plan 2018.	
		The East Lothian Open Space Strategy 2018 was approved by the Council's Cabinet in October 2018.	

			N2-20	East Lothian has the most intense	
	NO	Natural E	1NZ-ZU	(number of visits and extent of designation) coast in Scotland. Adaptive management and working with natural processes have evolved over many years, e.g. principles of 'planned retreat', and saltmarsh evolution studies allowing natural development of dune systems.	
Sustain and enhance the benefits, goods and services that the natural environment provides.	N3	Natural Environment			
Understand the effects of climate change and their impacts on buildings and infrastructure networks.		Buildings and infrastructure networks	B1-13	East Lothian Council has advanced the Musselburgh Flood Protection Scheme after the 2015 feasibility study which determined that Musselburgh is at risk of flooding.	The MFPS is currently undergoing the initial design phase which includes modelling specific flood risks to the town. The Scheme aspires to deliver a 0.5 AEP plus allowance for climate change level of protection from all sources of flooding. The scheme has incorporated the possibilities for natural flood management solutions, subject to the scheme's study on it.Protection from the effects of rising sea levels has been included in the scheme. This will stop any outflanking from the coast to the protection measures in the town.A detailed delivery programme will be developed after detail designs have been drawn up.
Provide the knowledge, skills and tools to manage climate change impacts on buildings and infrastructure.	B2	Buildings and infrastructure networks			
Increase the resilience of buildings and infrastructure networks to sustain and enhance the benefits and services provided.	В3	Buildings and infrastructure networks	B3-6	East Lothian Council has delivered HEEPS:ABS projects throughout East Lothian using Scottish Government grant funding to install energy efficiency measures.	
			B3-7	East Lothian Council is committed to reaching its EESSH targets.	
			B3-8	East Lothian Council continues to ensure all of its properties meet SHQS standard.	

Understand the effects of climate change and their impacts on people, homes and communities.	S1	Society			
Increase the awareness of the impacts of climate change to enable people to adapt to future extreme weather events.	S2	Society	S2-5	The Council has been engaged with a Resilient Communities initiative since 2014, which highlights to communities what they can do for themselves whilst working with the Council at times when unexpected events occur impacting on their daily lives. 'Resilient Communities' workshop events have been held for the last 3 years, most recently in October 2019 in Musselburgh, East Lothian. The purpose of the workshops is to discuss best practice, share information and highlight / promote Resilient Communities. The workshops were hosted by East Lothian Council and involved local community representatives, responder agency personnel, representatives from the voluntary sector and East Lothian Council staff. The Sustainable Energy and Climate Change Officer gave a presentation on 'Climate Ready Communities: Adapting to Climate Change Impacts in East Lothian' at the Resilient Communities event in October 2019. The Council has a Severe Weather Response Plan in place, which details the procedures to be followed in response to severe weather events, actual flooding incidents, any anticipated river flooding and coastal flooding occurrences. It is supplemental to the East Lothian Council Corporate Emergency plan, relevant Police Scotland Emergency plans and other partner agencies' plans: https://www.eastlothian.gov.uk/downloads/file/23701/severe_weather_plan_2019-20 Public engagement and involvement has formed a key aspect of the development of East Lothian Council's Climate Change Strategy. An initial public consultation to inform the development of the strategy was undertaken during September — October 2018, to coincide with Climate Week 2018. This included an online consultation survey and a series of 6 public drop-in events around East Lothian, to enable people to provide their views and input into the Strategy. The events were widely promoted and raised awareness of climate change adaptation and consultation on the Draft East Lothian Climate Change	

			Strategy took place for 8 weeks from May to July 2019. 160 responses were received to the consultation, including specific comments on Climate Change Adaptation in East Lothian.	
Support our health services and emergency responders to enable them to respond effectively to the increased pressures associated with a changing climate.	S3	Society		

4(e) What arrangements does the body have in place to review current and future climate risks?

Provide details of arrangements to review current and future climate risks, for example, what timescales are in place to review the climate change risk assessments referred to in Question 4(a) and adaptation strategies, action plans, procedures and policies in Question 4(b).

East Lothian Council's Climate Change Strategy (due to be published early in 2020) will address both climate change mitigation and adaptation, and will set out a monitoring and evaluation framework, to enable evaluation of the impact of adaptation actions. This will link to ongoing monitoring of Corporate and Service Risk Registers. It will also link to ongoing monitoring through other strategies and plans i.e. flood protection plans, travel plans, Road Asset Management Plan etc.

4(f) What arrangements does the body have in place to monitor and evaluate the impact of the adaptation actions?

Please provide details of monitoring and evaluation criteria and adaptation indicators used to assess the effectiveness of actions detailed under Question 4(c) and Question 4(d).

East Lothian Council's Climate Change Strategy (due to be published early in 2020) will address both climate change mitigation and adaptation, and will set out a monitoring and evaluation framework, to enable evaluation of the impact of adaptation actions. This will link to ongoing monitoring of Corporate and Service Risk Registers. It will also link to ongoing monitoring through other strategies and plans i.e. flood protection plans, travel plans, Road Asset Management Plan etc.

4(g) What are the body's top 5 priorities for the year ahead in relation to climate change adaptation?

Provide a summary of the areas and activities of focus for the year ahead.

- 1. Prepare East Lothian Council's Climate Change Strategy, which will address both climate change mitigation and climate change adaptation.
- 2. Incorporate Adaptation actions into the Climate Change Strategy action plan, including a monitoring and evaluation framework.
- 3. Draw together existing Adaptation actions, outcomes and good practice from across the Council and across other plans and strategies, for incorporation into the Climate Change Strategy.
- 4. Continue to progress the setting up of a Climate Resilient Communities Network, including preparing local community Climate Response Plans in partnership with our communities.
- 5. Working with key stakeholders and communities, prepare an awareness-raising campaign on Climate Change Adaptation in East Lothian.

4(h) Supporting information and best practice

Provide any other relevant supporting information and any examples of best practice by the body in relation to adaptation.

- East Lothian Council has held 'Resilient Communities' workshop events for the last 3 years, most recently in October 2019 in Musselburgh, East Lothian. The purpose of the workshops is to discuss best practice, share information and highlight / promote Resilient Communities. The workshops were hosted by East Lothian Council and involved local community representatives, responder agency personnel, representatives from the voluntary sector and East Lothian Council staff. The Sustainable Energy and Climate Change Officer gave a presentation on 'Climate Ready Communities: Adapting to Climate Change Impacts in East Lothian' at the Resilient Communities event in October 2019.
- East Lothian has the most intense (number of visits and extent of designation) coast in Scotland. Adaptive management and working with natural processes have evolved over many years, e.g. principles of 'planned retreat', and saltmarsh evolution studies allowing natural development of dune systems.
- East Lothian Council has advanced the Musselburgh Flood Protection Scheme after the 2015 feasibility study which determined that Musselburgh is at risk of flooding. The MFPS is currently undergoing the initial design phase which includes modelling specific flood risks to the town. The Scheme aspires to deliver a 0.5 AEP plus allowance for climate change level of protection from all sources of flooding. The scheme has incorporated the possibilities for natural flood management solutions, subject to the scheme's study on it. Protection from the effects of rising sea levels has been included in the scheme. This will stop any outflanking from the coast to the protection measures in the town. A detailed delivery programme will be developed after detail designs have been drawn up.

PART 5: PROCUREMENT

5(a) How have procurement policies contributed to compliance with climate change duties?

Provide information relating to how the procurement policies of the body have contributed to its compliance with climate changes duties.

Priority 3 of the 5 top priorities of East Lothian Council for climate change governance, management and strategy for the year ahead is to 'Implement an East Lothian Council Corporate Sustainable Procurement Policy'. The Council's Sustainable Procurement Policy is currently under development and will link closely with the objectives of the Climate Change Strategy. The Sustainable Procurement Policy will align with the requirements of the Procurement Reform (Scotland) Act 2014 and Scottish Government sustainability tools including the Flexible Framework Assessment Tool.

5(b) How has procurement activity contributed to compliance with climate change duties?

Provide information relating to how procurement activity by the body has contributed to its compliance with climate changes duties.

The Council is currently developing an East Lothian Council Corporate Sustainable Procurement Policy. However, while the Sustainable Procurement Policy is in progress, East Lothian Council is following the recommendations stated on Scottish Procurement Journey portal (https://www.procurementjourney.scot/).

5(c) Supporting information and best practice

Provide any other relevant supporting information and any examples of best practice by the body in relation to procurement.

As per section 5a, East Lothian Council is using Scottish Government Sustainability tools (Sustainability Test) to assess the procurement strategies prior to tender. This practice allows us to tackle the most important aspects of sustainability where applicable depending on the nature of the service or works requested.

PART 6: VALIDATION AND DECLARATION

6(a) Internal validation process

Briefly describe the body's internal validation process, if any, of the data or information contained within this report.

Data is input to the Climate Reporting Tool from two sources and checked by the Service Manager for Strategic Investment and the Sustainable Energy and Climate Change Officer. Energy data is audited internally with consumption validated against supplier statements and AMR data. A % of invoices are checked for accuracy. Waste, business mileage etc. is validated internally.

6(b) Peer validation process
Briefly describe the body's peer validation process, if any, of the data or information contained within this report.
N/A

6(c) External validation process

Briefly describe the body's external validation process, if any, of the data or information contained within this report.

N/A

6(d) No validation process

If any information provided in this report has not been validated, identify the information in question and explain why it has not been validated.

6e - Declaration										
I confirm that the information in this report is accurate and provides a fair representation of the body's performance in relation to climate change.										
Name	Role in the body	Date								
Wendy McGuire	Service Manager, Strategic Investment	2019-11-28								

RECOMMENDED – WIDER INFLUENCE

Q1 Historic Emissions (Local Authorities only)

Please indicate emission amounts and unit of measurement (e.g. tCO2e) and years. Please provide information on the following components using data from the links provided below. Please use (1) as the default unless targets and actions relate to (2).

(1) UK local and regional CO2 emissions: **subset dataset** (emissions within the scope of influence of local authorities):

(2) UK local and regional CO2 emissions: **full dataset**:

Select the default target dataset

Subset

Table 1a - Subset	Table 1a - Subset													
Sector	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		Units	C
Total Emissions	743.27	661.62	686.78	620.75	665.07	647.56	571.23	562.76	C)	0	0	ktCO2	2
Industry and Commercial	273.06	226.64	235.60	206.21	237.82	231.86	186.70	181.76	C)	0	0	ktCO2	2
Domestic	259.76	233.85	251.39	218.80	237.18	227.76	191.96	185.19	C)	0	0	ktCO2	2
Transport total	210.45	201.13	199.78	195.74	190.08	187.94	192.57	195.81	C)	0	0	ktCO2	2
Per Capita	7.63	6.73	6.93	6.21	6.59	6.39	5.60	5.46	C)	0	0	tCO2	
Waste													tCO2e	9
LULUCF Net Emissions													ktCO2	2
Other (specify in 'Comments')														

Table 1b - Full													
Sector	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Units	Comments
Total Emissions	1444.2 0	1166.1 0	1182.5 3	1185.1 7	1190.4 4	1215.7 8	1159.7 9	1045.4 4				ktCO2	
Industry and Commercial	907.86	665.53	668.39	710.69	704.29	744.98	724.01	616.79				ktCO2	
Domestic	259.76	233.85	251.39	218.80	237.18	227.76	191.96	185.19				ktCO2	
Transport total	211.05	201.72	200.38	196.33	190.69	188.55	193.18	196.38				ktCO2	
Per Capita	14.82	11.86	11.93	11.86	11.80	11.99	11.36	10.14				tCO2	
Waste												tCO2e	
LULUCF Net Emissions	65.54	64.99	62.37	59.36	58.28	54.49	50.63	47.08				ktCO2	
Other (specify in 'Comments')													

Q2a – Targets											
Please detail your wider influence targets											
Sector	Description	Type of Target (units)	Baseline	Start year			Saving in		Comments		
			value		saving		latest year measured				
						Tour	mousureu	Mododica			

Q2b) Does the Organisation have an overall mission statement, strategies, plans or policies outlining ambition to influence emissions beyond your corporate boundaries? If so, please detail this in the box below.

Q3) Policies and Actions to Reduce Emissions

Sector	for policy / action imple -	that the policy / action will be fully	CO2 saving once fully imple - mented			m	letric / indicators for nonitoring progress	Role		Please give further details of this behaviour change activity	Investment	Ongoing Costs (£/ year)	Primary Funding Source for Implementation of Policy / Action	
Please provide ar	ny detail on data	a sources	or limitat	tions relating	to the info	rmation provided i	in Table 3				,		,	,
Q4) Partnership V						Decilation of the idea is								
		ge Partne	rsnip, Coi	mmunication		y Building Initiativ								
Key Action Type	Description				Action	Organisation role	Organ not re	nisation (if eporting nisation)	Private Partner	s Public Partne	rs 3rd	Sector Part	ners Output	s Comment

OTHER NOTABLE REPORTABLE ACTIVITY

Q5) Please detail key actions relating to Food and Drink, Biodiversity, Water, Procurement and Resource Use in the table below.											
Key Action Type	Key Action Description	Organisation's Project Role	Impacts	Comments							
Q6) Please use the text box	below to detail further climate change related act	ivity that is not noted elsewhere within this reporti	ng template								