

East Lothian Area Command

The Lothians and Scottish Borders



Policy Development and Scrutiny Panel

Quarter 4 – 2021/2022

The data provided in this report is for information purposes only and is not official crime statistics. This report has been generated to allow

Partnership Members to conduct their scrutiny responsibilities. Due to delayed reporting or recording of crimes, incidents or road accidents and the management of crime enquiries, there is

likely to be differences between the information in this report and the final Police Scotland statistics. It would not be appropriate to refer to, quote or use any data in this report as official statistics.



Our Vision

Sustained excellence in service and protection.

Our Purpose

To improve the safety and wellbeing of people, places and communities in Scotland.

Our Values

Integrity, Fairness and Respect.

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Lothian and Scottish Borders Division Policing Priorities



Introduction

Crimes and offences are grouped under recognised categories for statistical purposes. The Scottish Government defines these categories, as follows;

Group 1 – Non Sexual Crimes of Violence

Group 2 – Sexual Crimes

Group 3 – Crimes of Dishonesty

Group 4 – Fire-raising, Malicious Mischief etc.

Group 5 – Other (Pro-activity) Crimes

Group 6 – Miscellaneous Offences

Group 7 - Offences Relating to Motor Vehicles

Police Scotland publishes management information on an annual and quarterly basis by local authority and police division, as well as at a national level. These reports are produced to demonstrate Police Scotland's commitment to transparency. Police Scotland publishes all of these reports on the 'Our Performance' section of the Police Scotland website. The reports can be accessed here:

http://www.scotland.police.uk/about-us/our-performance/

The East Lothian Policing Plan uses the following Police performance indicators, and these have been mirrored in the Scrutiny Report to maintain parity of understanding:

- 1. Protecting the most vulnerable people;
- 2. Reducing Violence and Antisocial Behaviour;
- 3. Reducing acquisitive Crime;
- 4. Improving road safety;
- 5. Tackling Serious and Organised Crime.

All figures quoted in this report are for the period April 2021 to March 2022 and are compared against the same reporting period from the previous year. Where figures are quoted on rate per 10,000 population, these are based on East Lothian's population of 107,090 in June 2020 (Scottish Government figures, published April 2020).

East Lothian Performance Summary Report Reporting Period: April 21– March 2022

Total Crime: (Group1-5) 3,531 Crime decrease -6.4%

Protecting the most vulnerable people

Domestic Crime Detection Rate +2.07%



Q4 - 70.1<u>7%</u>

Domestic Bail Detections

+25.49%



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Reducing Violence and Antisocial Behaviour

Serious Assault

-24.39 %



31 (10 less)

Antisocial Behaviour Incidents -2.57%



5,482 (144 less)

Reducing Acquisitive Crime

Crimes of Dishonesty

-14.73%



1,610 (278.2 fewer)

All Housebreaking

-13.97%



234 (38 fewer)

Improving road safety

Drink /Drug Driving Detections +40.31%



120

Dangerous
Driving
Detections
+65.18%



74

Executive Summary

I am delighted to present this year's scrutiny report which covers the period 1st April 2021 to 31st March 2022. In line with all our partners in the public and 3rd sector we continue to be impacted by Covid 19 and this is reflected throughout this report. We are gradually moving from response to recovery phase but it is still difficult to assess the full impact of the pandemic on reported crime and wider operational demand.

The COP26 climate conference which took place in Glasgow from 31st October to 12th November 2021 was one of the largest policing operations ever undertaken in the United Kingdom with up to 10,000 officers being deployed each day. Officers from across East Lothian were involved in this operation and their dedication and flexibility was key in contributing to the overall success of the operation whilst continuing to provide an effective service to the communities across East Lothian.

We have had to adapt how we engage with the public both in responding to calls, keeping communities informed as to our activities and working with our partners. Although most of our partnership work has been done remotely that has not stopped us delivering on local priorities. In the last year through our community fund we have provided monetary donations to charities and youth groups, including Recharge Tranent, Bridges Project and The Ridge. Moving forward we will be relaunching the Police Scotland Youth Volunteer (PSYV) programme which provides young people the opportunity to contribute towards community safety whilst learning new skills.

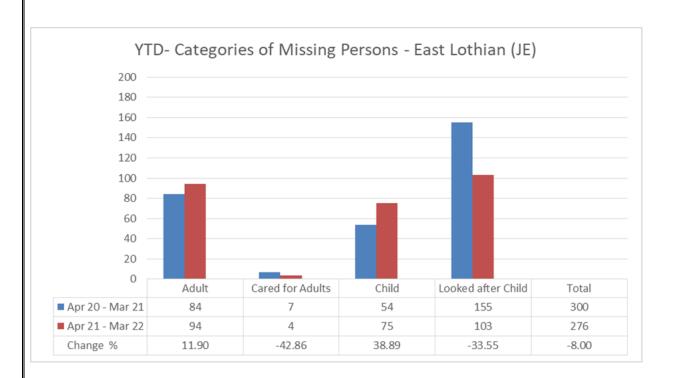
As Covid restrictions lifted and our young people have been able to travel and socialise freely we saw an increase in youth and anti-social behaviour (ASB) calls in Prestonpans, Dunbar, Haddington and Musselburgh. The vast majority of our young people are well behaved however a small minority have engaged in unacceptable behaviour which has impacted on the wellbeing of the community. We have worked with the ELC Safer Communities Team, Social Work, Education and local community groups to support these young people and their families to improve their behaviour. This has included two Problem Solving Partnerships (PSPs) in Prestonpans and Haddington which have already contributed to a decrease in ASB calls. In Dunbar our use of Acceptable Behaviour Agreements (ABAs) coupled with joint patrols has seen a decrease in ASB which was impacting heavily on local businesses. In Musselburgh we currently have six young people completing a diversionary course with Heavy Sounds. We are also working with Education on a joint strategy to better communicate with our young people to keep themselves safe and reduce unacceptable behaviour.

Throughout the year we continued to work with East Lothian Partnership Against Rural Crime (ELPARC) and the National Rural & Acquisitive Crime Unit (NRACU) to improve engagement with our rural communities and deliver effective crime prevention. This has included multi-agency wildlife crime operations and police stands at Haddington Farmers Market and Agricultural Show.

Despite the challenges of the last year I am pleased that we have seen an overall decrease in reported crime which means less victims of crime. As we move forward we will continue to adapt our approach and flex our officers to keep the communities of East Lothian safe for all including the many visitors we expect to see over the summer months.



Missing Persons



The Lothians & Scottish Borders (J) Division and the communities of East Lothian recognise that protecting people, particularly those considered vulnerable, is a policing priority. Within the remit of protecting people is the work and investigations carried out to trace people who are reported missing. To put the scale of this work into context:

- Police Scotland, on an annual basis undertake over 22,000 investigations into missing people;
- In the Lothians and Scottish Borders Division this equates to the following;
 - Year 2017 / 2018 2390 missing person investigations;
 - Year 2018 / 2019 2581 missing person investigations;
 - Year 2019 / 2020 1786 missing person investigations.
 - Year 2020 / 2021 1468 missing person investigations.

Recognising the vulnerability associated with missing people, particularly those that are young or suffering from mental health challenges, Police Scotland has adopted a rigorous investigation structure and management approach to incidents involving missing people.

In East Lothian we review the circumstances of every missing person report to identify any vulnerability and we will then link in with partners to ensure appropriate support is provided to keep that individual safe. We have a strong focus on young people who have repeatedly been reported missing, whether these are looked after children or those living within a family setting and have had regular partnership meetings over the last year to support these young people. We have also continued to work with care establishments to support the development of individual care plans. This has led to a significant reduction in reported absences for such young people reducing vulnerability and harm.

We have continued to roll out the Herbert protocol to protect those individuals where Dementia/Alzheimer's is a factor in them going missing. This allows us to have information available in advance of any missing person report to allow us to respond swiftly to trace the individual. This protocol applies to individuals living in a care setting and in the wider community.
During this reporting period we have been able to draw on national specialist resources such as Air and Marine Support to safely trace a number of High Risk missing persons.
We have had one protracted enquiry for a male reported missing from Musselburgh on the 31 st December 2021 who despite the efforts of our uniform and CID officers and wider community has sadly not been found.

Protecting the most	Domestic Abuse	
vulnerable people.	Incidents	

	5yr Average	Q4 2021/22	% Change
Number of Domestic Abuse Incidents	1091.2	1188	8.87
Total Crimes and offences in domestic abuse incidents	597.8	637	6.56
Percentage of Domestic Incidents that result in a crime	41.42	37.46	-3.96
Total crimes and offences detection rate	68.75	70.17	2.07
Total Detections for Domestic Bail Offences	51	64	25.49

Domestic Abuse definition (Taken from the COPFS joint protocol on domestic abuse).

Any form of physical, verbal, sexual, psychological or financial abuse which might amount to criminal conduct and which takes place within the context of a relationship. The relationship will be between partners (married, co-habiting, civil partnership or otherwise) or ex-partners. The abuse can be committed in the home or elsewhere, including online.

In this reporting year reported incidents of domestic abuse have increased by 25 and recorded crimes have increased by 35 compared to 2020/2021. The detection rate for domestic crimes has risen by 4% compared to 2020/2021. It is clear that Covid 19 has had an impact on domestic abuse crimes and it may be some time before we are able to fully understand the full picture.

Domestic abuse continues to be a priority for East Lothian and over the last year we have dedicated a small team of officers to prioritise medium and high risk investigations where the offender is not traced at the time the crime is reported. This has significantly reduced the length of such investigations, reducing risk to the victim whilst bringing the offender swiftly into the criminal justice process.

We have also focused on robustly enforcing domestic bail conditions as we understand that many victims may find it hard to break contact with abusive partners even where the court has imposed protective bail conditions. This has led to a significant increase in detections for domestic bail offences keeping vulnerable victims safe. We continue to work closely with support and advocacy services to support victims in the short, medium and long term.

We have taken part in national campaigns including the White Ribbon and What will You Do# campaigns to promote awareness of domestic abuse for those who might be affected by abuse or those who may be concerned about a friend or relative. We are also actively involved in the Disclosure Scheme for Domestic Abuse Scotland which informs individuals about the risks of domestic violence in an existing or new relationship.
Moving forward Dunbar Grammar School will be taking part in a Police Scotland national pilot, testing a new education toolkit about domestic abuse. We will also continue to have pop up domestic abuse awareness events at venues including Ladies Day at Musselburgh Racecourse.

Protecting the most	Hate Crime
vulnerable people.	

	East Lo	othian	
	5 year average	Q4 2021/22	Q4 Per 10,000
Hate Incidents	95.2	133	12.42
Hate Crimes	92.4	107	9.99
Hate Crime			
Detection Rate	78.14	59.81	

Hate Incident definition

Any incident which is perceived by the victim or any other person, to be motivated (wholly or partly) by malice and ill-will towards a social group but which doesn't constitute a criminal offence.

Hate Crime definition

A hate crime is a crime which is perceived by the victim or any other person, to be motivated (wholly or partly) by malice and ill-will towards a social group.

Social Groups

There are currently five social groups protected under hate crime legislation: disability or presumed disability: race or presumed race (including Gypsy traveller groups): religion or presumed religion: sexual orientation or presumed sexual orientation and transgender identity or presumed transgender identity.

This period has seen an increase of 5 hate incidents but a reduction of 13 hate crimes compared to 2020/21. The increase in hate incidents is partially attributed to a long running neighbour dispute which is being investigated by the community policing team. 15 of the 107 hate crimes have been crimes perpetrated against a police officer whilst dealing with an incident.

Every hate incident and hate crime reported in East Lothian is subject to intense scrutiny with the Local Area Commander having overall responsibility for this. This ensures that incidents and/or crimes are not treated in isolation and processes are in place to identify repeat victims, locations and offenders. We investigate all such reports robustly to bring perpetrators to justice whilst working with partners to support victims.

We have implemented "Keep Safe" which is a partnership initiative developed with Police Scotland and "I Am Me" community led charity to raise awareness and increase reports of Disability Hate Crime. "Keep Safe" works with local businesses to create a network of safe places for disabled, elderly, and vulnerable people to go if they are lost, scared, need help, or if they are the victim of crime.

We are working with ELC Education to develop an age appropriate product to address hate crime and a pupil from Musselburgh Grammar School has recently won a poster competition which Lothians and Scottish Borders Division organised to raise awareness of hate crime.

Protecting the	Sexual Crimes
most vulnerable	(Group 2)
people.	

Crime Type	5 Year average	Q4 2021/2 2	Change	YTD Per 10,000 population	Q4 2021/22 Detection Rate
Group 2	186.8	270	44.54%	25.21	55.56%
Rape & Attempt Rape	35.4	45	27.12%	4.2	66.67%
Indecent/Sexual Assault	72.6	106	46.01%	9.9	48.11%
Other Group 2	78.6	119	51.40%	11.11	57.98%

There has been an increase in sexual crimes reported this year compared to 2020/2021. Overall, group 2 crimes have increased by 14.9 % which equates to an additional 35 crimes. Reports of rape increased by 7. Indecent assaults have increased by 14% which equates to an additional 13 crimes. The detection rate for group 2 crimes has fallen by 9.55% compared to last year.

Many of the other group 2 crimes recorded are non-contact offences perpetrated over the internet. It is difficult to assess and fully understand the impact of Covid 19 on both offending and the reporting of sexual crime. We recognise that sexual offences are under reported and have continued to work closely with our partners to encourage and support victims to report sexual crimes.

We have worked in partnership with Queen Margaret University to support the Violence Against Women and Girls agenda including the provision of "by-stander" training to licensed premises. Our school link officers continue to provide inputs on internet safety to our young people to raise awareness and keep them safe.

Protecting the most	Drug Supply,
vulnerable people.	Production &
	Cultivation

Drugs Supply	5 year average	Q4 2021/22	Change	YTD Per 10,000 population	Q4 2021/22 Detection Rate
Drugs Supply, Production and Cultivation	50	36	-28.00%	3.36	86.11%

There has been a decrease of 36.1% in drug supply charges libelled this year compared to 2020/2021. Possession of drugs has fallen in the last year from 487 to 307.

Covid 19, the policing operation for COP 26 and the involvement of our Proactive Crime Team in other priority investigations has undoubtedly impacted on our capacity for proactivity in this area.

We remain committed to preventing the harm caused by the misuse of drugs and have continued to refer individuals who have taken a near or non-fatal overdose to support services within 24 hours of police contact.

Following a successful pilot in a number of local authority areas there will be a national roll out of the Naloxone nasal spray which can be safely given to those who have taken an overdose without any adverse effects. Over the next year all officers in East Lothian will be trained to use this life saving first aid.

Reducing Violence	Crimes of Violence
and Antisocial Behaviour	(Group 1)

Crime Type	5 year average	Q4 2021/22	Change	YTD Per 10,000 population	Q4 2021/22 Detection Rate
Group 1	90.6	122	34.66%	11.39	66.39%
Serious Assault	41	31	-24.39%	2.89	83.87%
Robbery	17.6	21	19.32%	1.96	71.43%
Common Assault	725.6	853	17.56%	79.65	56.51%

^{*}Common assaults are not recorded as group 1 crimes.

We have seen an increase in group 1 crimes with 21 more crimes recorded last year compared to 2020/2021. The number of serious assaults remains unchanged compared to last year with robberies increased by 2. The increase in group 1 crimes can mainly be attributed to an increase in Section 1 Domestic Abuse Scotland Act (DASA) offences and threats and extortion.

The vast majority of threats and extortion crimes are "sextortion" offences whereby victims are encouraged to share intimate images or videos with individuals they have met on line and are then threatened that these will be distributed to friends and family unless monies are paid. These generally involve victims living locally with the perpetrator often operating from abroad. These crimes are difficult to solve due to the different social platforms and jurisdictions involved. Our focus is on providing support to victims and raising awareness through social media campaigns. We recognise that the Police Service may not be the best agency to promote messages around this crime type and we will continue to work with partners, including student bodies to tailor and deliver messages to the demographic groups most impacted.

We have trained more officers to deliver the "No knives better lives" programme in our schools and we have also worked with Heavy Sounds to provide targeted inputs from those with lived-experience of knife crime to groups of young people whose behaviour is causing concern in the community.

As our licensed premises are returning to business as usual we will continue to carry out pro-active and targeted visits. We currently have one monitored Licensed Premise in East Lothian.

Reducing Violence	Reducing
and Antisocial	Antisocial
Behaviour	Behaviour

Indicator	5 Year Average	2021-22 Q4	Change	TYTD Per 10,000 population	Q4 2021/22 Detection Rate
Antisocial Behaviour Incidents	5626.4	5482	-2.57		
Vandalism (Including Malicious Mischief)	733.6	680	-7.31%	63.5	22.79%
Fire-raising	48	33	-31.25%	3.08	27.27%
Breach of the Peace and S38 CJ&L(S) A 2010	664.6	686	3.22%	64.06	75.66%

We have seen a significant decrease (1,653 less) in incidents recorded as ASB in comparison to 2020-2021 which can be attributed directly to Covid 19 and the manner in which Police Scotland code incidents. All Covid 19 related calls, such as breach of Covid restrictions were recorded as a public nuisance call (ASB) which meant the ASB statistics for last year were abnormally high. However compared with the 5 year average we have seen a reduction of 2.57% in ASB.

We have implemented PSPs in Prestonpans and Haddington which have resulted in a decrease in youth related calls and ASB in both towns and these remain live. We have also worked closely with ELC Safer Communities Team, Education and Social work to target a small number of youths involved in ASB in Dunbar and Musselburgh. ASB has reduced in Dunbar. We will continue to focus on our partnership approach in Musselburgh which is emerging as a priority area as we move towards the summer. In response to community concerns about the safety of pupils within Musselburgh Grammar School and Knox Academy we have carried out crime prevention surveys and targeted patrols. Our school link officers work closely with partners to support young people and their families to improve their behaviour and reduce vulnerabilities.

As we move towards the summer months when we expect a vast increase in visitors to the beautiful coastline of East Lothian we are increasing our joint patrols with the countryside rangers and the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service to target ASB and accidental fires associated with wild camping.

Reducing Acquisitive Crime	Dishonesty (group 3)

5 Year Average	Q4 2021/22	Change	YTD Per 10,000 population	Q4 2021/22 Detection Rate
1888.2	1610	-14.73%	150.34	26.58%

Overall we have seen an extra 3 Group 3 Crimes reported this year compared to 2002/2021. Detections for this group is down 8.27% this year.

Fraud accounts for a large proportion of Group 3 crimes which is a national trend with most of it being cyber-enabled.

We have continued to promote national fraud awareness crimes through our social media accounts. We have provided face-to-face fraud prevention inputs to elderly residents, both in their own homes and in care settings. We visit all victims of high value frauds and those who we deem may be vulnerable to carry out crime prevention surveys and provide advice and reassurance. Through Trading Standards we have provided a number of elderly victims with Truecall Machines which filter out known scammers.

Moving forwards we are working with Trusted Traders to provide residents with advice re bogus workers and signpost them to Trusted Traders.

Reducing	Housebreaking
Acquisitive Crime	

Crime Type	5 Year Average	Q4 2021/22	Change	YTD Per 10,000 population	Q4 2021/22 Detection Rate
Dwelling HB	100.2	80	-20.16%	7.47	42.50%
Non Dwelling (Sheds, garages) HB	87.4	73	-16.48%	6.82	9.59%
Other (Business) HB	84.4	81	-4.03%	7.56	19.75%
All HB	272	234	-13.97%	21.85	24.36%

It is acknowledged that through the lockdown period many more people were at home and alongside home working this created less opportunity for thieves to commit crime. As such as restrictions lifted last year we anticipated a potential rise into domestic HBs which has proved to be the case.

Domestic Dwellings (Houses)

Theft by housebreaking of domestic homes is up by 19.67% from 61 to 80 compared to 2020/2021. However detection rate has risen by 11.35% this year to 42.50%

Non-dwellings

Theft by housebreaking to non-dwellings which includes sheds, garages and outbuildings has increased by 3 this year but detection rate has also risen by 5.3% to 9.59%.

We continue to work with building developers to ensure that new developments are secure by design. We also provide crime prevention visits to building sites targeted by thieves.

Improving road safety

Road Casualties

	Q4 2020/21	Q4 2021/22	Change
Fatal	1	2	1
Serious	32	34	2
Slight	59	87	28
Total	92	123	31
Children (aged<16) Killed	0	0	0
Children (aged<16) Seriously Injured	3	3	0

	5 Year Average	Q4 2021/22	Change
Dangerous driving	44.8	74	65.18%
Disqualified driving	21.8	11	-49.54%
Driving Licence	101.6	101	-0.59%
Insurance	263.6	219	-16.92%
Drink/Drug Driving Detections	89.8	126	40.31%

During the last year as a direct result of Covid travel restrictions we saw unprecedented visitor numbers to our beaches and coastal towns, causing disruption to local residents and businesses. Through our visitor management plan we have ensured road and speed checks are regularly carried out which has contributed to the increase in speeding offences to 87 this year which is an increase of 39.87% over the 5 year average.

Making our roads safer is a key priority and our specialist Road Policing officers have continued to carry out speed checks on the A1 and fast roads with our community officers focussed on our towns and villages,

specifically around our schools. Sadly we have seen an increase of 1 fatality this year compared to 2020/2021. We have also had an increase of 2 in the number of persons seriously injured. The largest increase is in those slightly injured which has risen from 57 in 2020/2021 to 87 this year which is an increase of 52.63%. Our casualty statistics are subject to intense scrutiny and there is no discernible pattern in East Lothian for slight injuries.
We worked closely with Community Councils with speed checks being included as a priority in most of the Community and Police Partnerships (CAPPs). We have significantly increased our proactivity in terms of addressing driver behaviour and substance misuse which has resulted in a 65.18% increase in the number of detections for dangerous driving and 40.31% over the 5 year average.
Moving forward we will continue with a number of road safety initiatives including the "Little People" by school crossings, Close Pass to protect cyclists and the Young Drivers Team aimed at 16-17 year olds.
National campaigns will continue throughout the year with the current focus being on the Motorcycle Safety Campaign.

Tackling Serious Tackling Serious & Organised Crime & Organised Crime The National Terror Threat level is currently SUBSTANTIAL meaning an attack is likely. Every elected member in East Lothian has been offered crime prevention surveys of their home and offices which have been widely taken up. Over the summer months we again received complaints in relation to groups of persons picking shellfish across the beaches raising health and safety concerns. Intelligence also suggested that these groups, who were of Asian ethnicity may have been subject to exploitation of labour. In response our officers were involved in days of action near Torness Power Station with partners including Marine Scotland and Environmental Heath providing advice and guidance to those involved. Our officers were also involved under ELPARC with the Countryside Rangers and local landowners in a number of hare-coursing days of action. Hare coursing along with other wildlife crime is frequently linked to serious and organised crime groups. As a result of our proactivity in this area we have seen a reduction in the reports of this cruel activity in East Lothian. Earlier this year our proactive crime team were been involved in a joint operation with Avon and Somerset police in the Musselburgh area to tackle the human trafficking of individuals for sexual exploitation. Our proactive team were also involved in the arrest of a number of prominent individuals involved in the organised theft of high value vehicles in East Lothian and other local authority areas.

Complaints	Executive Summary

April 2021 – March 2022					
	Number of Complaints about the Police		Number of Complaints per 10,000 Police Incidents		
Complaints received about the Police	106		42.86		
	On Duty Allegations	Off Duty Allegations	Quality of Service Allegations	Total Number of Allegations	
Total Allegations Recorded	94	4	70	168	

The breakdown above details the total number of Complaints about the Police, received in relation to the East Lothian area command as at 31st March 2022.

The breakdown below provides further detail on the Allegation Category and Type. As can be seen there has been a 3.3% decrease in the overall number of Complaints about the Police when comparing LYTD and YTD.

Area	Allegation Category and Type	LYTD	YTD	% change
	Off Duty - TOTAL	0	4	X
	Incivility	0	1	Х
	Other	0	3	Х
	On Duty - TOTAL	105	95	-9.5%
	Assault	2	4	100.0%
	Excessive Force	6	10	66.7%
	Incivility	25	34	36.0%
East Lothian Council	Irregularity in Procedure	64	37	-42.2%
	Oppressive Conduct/Harassment	3	2	-33.3%
	Other - Criminal	1	0	-100.0%
	Other - Non Criminal	3	4	33.3%
	Traffic Irregularity/Offence	0	4	Х
	Quality Of Service - TOTAL	75	75	0.0%
	Policy/Procedure	14	15	7.1%
	Service Delivery	24	20	-16.7%
	Service Outcome	37	40	8.1%
	Grand Total	180	174	-3.3%

Police Scotland's ability to function effectively is reliant upon the trust of the public and their belief that we can carry out our duties in a fair and impartial manner. It is accepted that on occasions things may go wrong and mistakes will be made. Police Scotland's national Professional Standards Department oversee all complaints made against officers in East Lothian with robust processes in place to ensure that when members of the public wish to raise a concern or make a complaint about either the quality of the policing service provided or the actions of an officer, their concerns will be listened to and appropriate action taken. In Lothians and Borders Division there is a focus on learning from complaint investigation to ensure that we can continuously improve our service.

East Lothian CAT team – Q4 Update

The East Lothian Community Action Team is a council funded team of four police Constables. Three of these are operational officers deployed in line with local priorities and the fourth officer is based within George Johnston Centre, working alongside the Council Safer Communities Team.

Remit

- The provision of a flexible police response based on identified incidents and intelligence;
- The provision of a high profile police presence within East Lothian to help deter crime, disorder and anti-social behaviour;
- Liaison with the East Lothian Safer Communities Team in crime prevention and reduction strategies;
- Liaison with, and sharing of information with the Council's solicitors, under the current information sharing agreement (ISA), required to support applications to the court made by the Council under the Antisocial Behaviour etc. (Scotland) Act 2004 and the Housing (Scotland) Act 2001.

These operational officers work alongside Community Policing officers to collectively deliver the best outcomes for the communities of East Lothian aligned to the Local Policing Plan priorities. All their activity is recorded on a quarterly report which is widely circulated.

Over the last year the ELCAT have been involved in the PSPs in Prestonpans and Haddington and continue to provide a high profile presence at other ASB hotspots including Dunbar and Musselburgh. They have contributed to road safety through pro-active speed and road checks and have also seized off-road bikes and charged those involved in careless and dangerous driving.

They continue to take enforcement action in relation to those involved in the supply of drugs within East Lothian and in January 2022 seized £22,000 in cash and recovered Class A & B drugs valued over £6000 following the execution of a MDA Warrant at an address in Musselburgh. A male was arrested and charged with drug supply offences.

Moving forwards the ELCAT will continue to work in partnership with the East Lothian Safer Communities Team and other partners to tackle ASB and other local priorities across the county.

Appendix
Lothian and Scottish Borders Divisional Crime Overview

Lothian and Scottish Borders Division	5 Year Average	2021/22 Q4	Per 10,000 Q4 2021/22	Detection Rates 2021/22
GROUP 1: NON SEXUAL CRIMES OF VIOLENCE	560.4	788	15.82	65.23
Murder (excluding culpable homicide at common law)	2.2	7	0.14	100.00
Culpable homicide (at common law)	0.4	1	0.02	100.00
Culpable homicide (under statute including RTA, sec. 1)	5	2	0.04	100.00
Attempted murder	16.4	30	0.6	83.33
Serious assault	263.8	267	5.36	76.78
Robbery and assault with intent to rob	96	94	1.89	65.96
Domestic Abuse (of female)	N/A	132	2.65	79.55
Domestic Abuse (of male)	N/A	4	0.08	50.00
Domestic Abuse (Total)	N/A	136	2.73	78.68
Cruel & Unnatural treatment of children	63.4	58	1.16	82.76
Threats and extortion	40.8	127	2.55	12.60
Other group 1 crimes	35.8	66	1.32	62.12
GROUP 2: SEXUAL CRIMES	999.4	1329	26.68	55.15
Rape	185.2	221	4.44	62.90
Assault w/i to rape or ravish	8.2	7	0.14	42.86
Rape and attempted rape - Total	193.4	228	4.58	62.28
Sexual assault (pre-SOSA 2009)*	18.8	12	0.24	50.00
Sexual assault (SOSA 2009)*	261.6	386	7.75	47.15
Lewd & libidinous practices*	96.8	94	1.89	67.02
Indecent/Sexual Assault - Total	377.2	492	9.88	51.02
Prostitution related crime - Total*	0.4	2	0.04	100.00
Taking, distribution, possession of indecent photos of children	56.6	67	1.34	79.10
Communicating indecently (SOSA 2009)*	77.2	155	3.11	58.06
Communications Act 2003 (sexual)	47	30	0.6	53.33
Sexual exposure (SOSA 2009)*	32.2	30	0.6	46.67
Public indecency (common law)	12.2	7	0.14	14.29
Other sexual crimes (SOSA 2009)*	136	212	4.26	55.66
Other sexual crimes (non-SOSA 2009)*	20.8	15	0.3	73.33
Threatening / Disclosure of intimate image*	46.4	91	1.83	38.46
Other Group 2 crimes	0	0	0	-
Other Group 2 crimes - Total	428.4	607	12.18	55.68
GROUP 3: CRIMES OF DISHONESTY	8928.2	7757	155.71	27.05
Housebreaking (incl. attempts) - dwelling house	437	341	6.85	31.38
Housebreaking (incl. attempts) - non dwelling	418.2	222	4.46	14.86
Housebreaking (incl. attempts) - other premises	404	264	5.3	33.33
Housebreaking (incl. Attempts) - Total	1259.2	827	16.6	27.57
Opening Lockfast Places - Motor Vehicle	228.6	152	3.05	17.76

Theft of a motor vehicle	454.8	385	7.73	37.92
Theft from a Motor Vehicle (Insecure etc.)	586.6	259	5.2	21.24
Attempt theft of motor vehicle	35.8	40	0.8	15.00
Motor vehicle crime - Total	1305.8	836	16.78	27.99
Opening Lockfast Places - NOT Motor Vehicle	140.4	148	2.97	6.76
Common theft	2421.4	2169	43.54	18.90
Theft by shoplifting	2449	1915	38.44	45.33
Fraud	762.4	1427	28.65	11.28
Other Group 3 Crimes	590	435	8.73	42.99
GROUP 4: FIRE-RAISING, MALICIOUS MISCHIEF etc.	4247.8	4017	80.64	28.06
Fireraising	239.2	225	4.52	29.33
Vandalism (including malicious mischief)	3782.8	3481	69.88	25.97
Reckless conduct (with firearms)	6.4	4	0.08	125.00
Culpable and reckless conduct (not with firearms)	210.4	296	5.94	51.35
Other Group 4 Crimes	9	11	0.22	0.00
GROUP 5: OTHER (PRO-ACTIVITY) CRIMES	4098.8	3984	79.97	93.85
Carrying offensive weapons (incl. restriction)	132	159	3.19	89.94
Handling bladed/pointed instrument	146.2	170	3.41	88.82
Offensive weapon (used in other criminal activity)*	93.6	151	3.03	77.48
Bladed/pointed instrument (used in other criminal activity)*	58.6	78	1.57	78.21
Total offensive/bladed weapons	430.4	558	11.2	84.59
Production, manufacture or cultivation of drugs	86	40	0.8	87.50
Supply of drugs (incl. possession with intent)	239.8	174	3.49	79.89
Bringing drugs into prison	20.4	11	0.22	54.55
Supply of drugs - Total	346.2	225	4.52	80.00
Possession of drugs	1795.2	1481	29.73	98.11
Other drugs offences (incl. importation)	12.2	9	0.18	55.56
Total drugs crimes	2153.6	1715	34.43	95.51
Offences relating to serious and organised crime	2	0	0	-
Bail offences (other than absconding)	763.4	975	19.57	94.87
Other Group 5 crimes	749.4	736	14.77	95.65
GROUP 6: MISCELLANEOUS OFFENCES	9592.4	10539	211.56	67.34
Common Assault	3893	4518	90.69	58.72
Common Assault (of emergency workers)	397	429	8.61	99.30
Common Assault - Total	4290	4947	99.31	62.24
Breach of the Peace	229.4	99	1.99	94.95
Threatening & abusive behaviour	3488.4	3634	72.95	74.99
Stalking	109.8	90	1.81	78.89
BOP, S38 & S39 Crim Just & Lic (S) Act 2010 - Total	3827.6	3823	76.74	75.60
Racially aggravated harassment/conduct*	123	128	2.57	89.06
Drunk and incapable	56.4	22	0.44	100.00
Consume alcohol in designated place local bye-law	58.2	19	0.38	100.00
Other alcohol related offences*	43.6	38	0.76	94.74
Drunkenness and other disorderly conduct (TOTAL)	158.2	79	1.59	97.47

Wildlife offences*	31.2	70	1.41	28.57
Other Group 6 offences	1162.4	1492	29.95	61.46
GROUP 7: OFFENCES RELATING TO MOTOR VEHICLES	7034	6524	130.96	79.54
Dangerous driving offences	229	296	5.94	85.81
Drink, Drug driving offences incl. Failure to provide a specimen	525.2	601	12.06	82.03
Driving while disqualified	763.6	322	6.46	91.30
Driving without a licence	127.2	84	1.69	96.43
Failure to insure against third party risks	550.6	546	10.96	98.35
Driving Carelessly	1431.8	1246	25.01	97.83
Drivers neglect of traffic directions (NOT pedestrian crossings)	144	71	1.43	91.55
Using a motor vehicle without test certificate	211.2	92	1.85	82.61
Other Group 7 offences	528.4	687	13.79	86.03

East Lothian Recorded Crime Overview

East Lothian East Lothian	5 Year Average	2021/22 Q4	Per 10,000 Q4 2021/22	Detection Rates 2021/22
GROUP 1: NON SEXUAL CRIMES OF VIOLENCE	90.6	122	11.39	66.39
Murder (excluding culpable homicide at common law)	0	0	-	-
Culpable homicide (at common law)	0.2	1	0.09	100
Culpable homicide (under statute including RTA, sec. 1)	0.6	0	-	-
Attempted murder	2.2	1	0.09	100
Serious assault	41	31	2.89	83.87
Robbery and assault with intent to rob	17.6	21	1.96	71.43
Domestic Abuse (of female)	N/A	21	1.96	85.71
Domestic Abuse (of male)	N/A	2	0.19	0
Domestic Abuse (Total)	N/A	23	2.15	78.26
Cruel & Unnatural treatment of children	6.6	7	0.65	85.71
Threats and extortion	7.6	24	2.24	16.67
Other group 1 crimes	5.6	14	1.31	71.43
GROUP 2: SEXUAL CRIMES	186.8	270	25.21	55.56
Rape	33.6	45	4.2	66.67
Assault w/i to rape or ravish	1.8	0	-	-
Rape and attempted rape - Total	35.4	45	4.2	66.67
Sexual assault (pre-SOSA 2009)*	4.2	9	0.84	22.22
Sexual assault (SOSA 2009)*	49.8	80	7.47	48.75
Lewd & libidinous practices*	18.6	17	1.59	58.82
Indecent/Sexual Assault - Total	72.6	106	9.9	48.11
Prostitution related crime - Total*	0.2	0	-	-
Taking, distribution, possession of indecent photos of children	8.2	11	1.03	72.73
Communicating indecently (SOSA 2009)*	14.8	28	2.61	82.14
Communications Act 2003 (sexual)	6.8	3	0.28	0
Sexual exposure (SOSA 2009)*	5.6	4	0.37	25
Public indecency (common law)	3	0	-	-
Other sexual crimes (SOSA 2009)*	28.2	46	4.3	50
Other sexual crimes (non-SOSA 2009)*	3	2	0.19	100
Threatening / Disclosure of intimate image*	9	25	2.33	48
Other Group 2 crimes	0	0	-	-
Other Group 2 crimes - Total	78.6	119	11.11	57.98
GROUP 3: CRIMES OF DISHONESTY	1888.2	1610	150.34	26.58
Housebreaking (incl. attempts) - dwelling house	100.2	80	7.47	42.5
Housebreaking (incl. attempts) - non dwelling	87.4	73	6.82	9.59
Housebreaking (incl. attempts) - other premises	84.4	81	7.56	19.75
Housebreaking (incl. Attempts) - Total	272	234	21.85	24.36
Opening Lockfast Places - Motor Vehicle	55.2	27	2.52	22.22
Theft of a motor vehicle	94	82	7.66	37.8

Theft from a Motor Vehicle (Insecure etc.)	106.6	57	5.32	26.32
Attempt theft of motor vehicle	7.8	10	0.93	10
Motor vehicle crime - Total	263.6	176	16.43	30.11
Opening Lockfast Places - NOT Motor Vehicle	26	64	5.98	1.56
Common theft	481.4	414	38.66	25.36
Theft by shoplifting	542.8	312	29.13	41.03
Fraud	151.6	293	27.36	9.9
Other Group 3 Crimes	150.8	117	10.93	47.01
GROUP 4: FIRE-RAISING, MALICIOUS MISCHIEF etc.	831.6	781	72.93	24.97
Fireraising	48	33	3.08	27.27
Vandalism (including malicious mischief)	733.6	680	63.5	22.79
Reckless conduct (with firearms)	2	0	-	-
Culpable and reckless conduct (not with firearms)	44.4	66	6.16	45.45
Other Group 4 Crimes	3.6	2	0.19	0
GROUP 5: OTHER (PRO-ACTIVITY) CRIMES	775.4	748	69.85	96.39
Carrying offensive weapons (incl. restriction)	22.4	33	3.08	87.88
Handling bladed/pointed instrument	24.8	35	3.27	82.86
Offensive weapon (used in other criminal activity)*	12.4	23	2.15	86.96
Bladed/pointed instrument (used in other criminal activity)*	6.4	24	2.24	70.83
Total offensive/bladed weapons	66	115	10.74	82.61
Production, manufacture or cultivation of drugs	8	5	0.47	80
Supply of drugs (incl. possession with intent)	42	31	2.89	87.1
Bringing drugs into prison	0	0	-	-
Supply of drugs - Total	50	36	3.36	86.11
Possession of drugs	355.8	307	28.67	103.91
Other drugs offences (incl. importation)	1.6	2	0.19	100
Total drugs crimes	407.4	345	32.22	102.03
Offences relating to serious and organised crime	0.2	0	-	-
Bail offences (other than absconding)	134.6	159	14.85	93.71
Other Group 5 crimes	167.2	129	12.05	96.9
GROUP 6: MISCELLANEOUS OFFENCES	1651	1807	168.74	64.03
Common Assault	671	795	74.24	53.33
Common Assault (of emergency workers)	54.6	58	5.42	100
Common Assault - Total	725.6	853	79.65	56.51
Breach of the Peace	29.6	11	1.03	81.82
Threatening & abusive behaviour	615.2	663	61.91	75.57
Stalking	19.8	12	1.12	75
BOP, S38 & S39 Crim Just & Lic (S) Act 2010 - Total	664.6	686	64.06	75.66
Racially aggravated harassment/conduct*	21	23	2.15	82.61
Drunk and incapable	8.2	1	0.09	100
Consume alcohol in designated place local bye-law	18.4	10	0.93	100
Other alcohol related offences*	9.8	9	0.84	77.78
Drunkenness and other disorderly conduct (TOTAL)	36.4	20	1.87	90
Wildlife offences*	9	5	0.47	0

Other Group 6 offences	194.4	220	20.54	54.09
GROUP 7: OFFENCES RELATING TO MOTOR VEHICLES	1122.4	1247	116.44	77.87
Dangerous driving offences	44.8	74	6.91	85.14
Drink, Drug driving offences incl. Failure to provide a specimen	89.8	126	11.77	77.78
Speeding offences	62.2	87	8.12	87.36
Driving while disqualified	21.8	11	1.03	100
Driving without a licence	101.6	101	9.43	99.01
Failure to insure against third party risks	263.6	219	20.45	97.72
Driving Carelessly	11.2	13	1.21	100
Drivers neglect of traffic directions (NOT pedestrian crossings)	18.2	15	1.4	80
Using a motor vehicle without test certificate	85.2	137	12.79	80.29
Other Group 7 offences	8.2	13	1.21	100